Beaver Radical

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY. TERMS—TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.

VOLUME V. BEAVER, PENN'A, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1873. NUMBER 36

Railroads.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY.—On and after June 29, 1872, trains will leave stations as follows:

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.		EXPR.S.	MAIL.	EXPR'S.	EXPR'S
Pittsburgh		1.45AM	6.00AM	9.10AM	1.30PM
Rochester		2.50	7.28	10.28	2.38
Alliance		5.10	10.40	12.50PM	5.08
Orrville		6.51	1.00PM	3.01	7.06
Mansfield		8.55	3.18	5.09	9.11
Crestline	Ar	9.20	4.00	5.40	9.40
	De	9.40	5.55AM	6.00	9.50
Forest		11.05	7.35	7.55	11.15
Lima		12.08PM	9.00	9.15	12.17AM
Fort Wayne		2.20	11.50	11.50	2.35
Plymouth		4.45	2.35PM	2.55AM	5.05
Chicago		7 50	6.30	6.50	8.30PM

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.		MAIL	EXPR'S.	EXPR'S.	EXPR'S
Chicago		5.15AM	9.20AM	5.30PM	9.20PM
Plymouth		9.15	12.02PM	8.55	1.10AM
Fort Wayne		12.01PM	2.00	11.15	4 00
Lima		2.45	4.07	1.18AM	6.40
Forest		4.00	5.08	2.27	8.10
Crestline	Ar	5.35	6.30	4.05	10.10
	De	6.00AM	6.50	4.15	10 30AM
Mansfield		6 40	7.19	4.43	11.00
Orrville		9.16	9.20	6.37	1.00PM
Alliance		11.00	10.55	8.05	2 25
Rochester		2.48PM		10.40	4.53
Pittsburgh		4.00	2.20	11.45AM	6.00

F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R. On and after June 29, 1873, trains will leave stations daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows;

GOING SOUTH—MAIN LINE.

STATIONS.	EXPR'S.	MAIL.	EXPR'S.	ACCOM
Cleveland		8.30AM	1.55PM	4.05PM
Hudson		9.41	5.02	5.23
Ravenna		10.13	5.33	5.53
Alliance		11.05	6.12	6.40
Bayard		11.39	6.41	
Wellsville		1.10PM	8.00	
Pittsburgh		3.40	10,30	

GOING NORTH—MAIN LINE.

STATIONS.	EXPR'S.	MAIL.	EXPR'S.	ACCOM.
Pittsburgh		6.30AM	1.15PM	
Wellsville		8.40	3.10	
Bayard		10.25	4.30	
Alliance		11.00	4.55	7.25AM
Ravenna		12.08PM	5.53	8.15
Hudson		12.41	6.22	9,05
Cleveland		1.55	7.30	10.25

GOING EAST—RIVER DIVISION.

STATIONS.	ACCOM.	MAIL.	EXPR'S.	ACCOM
Belair	5.45AM	10.50AM	5.40PM	
Bridgeport	5.55	11.00	5.50	
Steubenville	6.57	12.07PM	6.50	
Wellsville	8.00	1.05	7.53	
Rochester	9.30	2.35	9.25	
Pittsburgh	10.40	3.40	10,30	

GOING WEST—RIVER DIVISION.

STATIONS.	ACCOM	MAIL.	EXPR'S.	ACCOM.
Pittsburgh		6.30AM	1.15PM	4.50PM
Rochester		7.40	2.20	6.05
Wellsville		8.40	3.10	7.15
Steubenville		9.50	4.20	8.39
Bridgeport		11.00	5.25	9.45
Belair		11.10	5.40	10.00

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH

Leaves	Arrives
N Phila. 6 40 am & 1.00 pm	Bayard, 9.45 am & 4 00pm
Bayard. 12.10 & 5.00 p. m.	N. Phila. 3.00 & 7.30 p m

F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. —After December 22d, 1872, Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

EASTWARD. Through Trains Leave Union Depot:		WESTWARD. Through Trains Arrive Union Depot.	
Pacific Exp's,	2:50 a m	Mail Train,	1:05 a m
Mail Train,	7:45 a m	Fast Line,	1:35 a m
Chicago Ex	12 20 p m	Pittsburgh Ex.	8.00 a m
Cincinnati Ex.	1:10 p m	Cincinnati Ex.	8:40 a m
Philadelp'a Ex.	5:20 p m	Southern Ex.	12:40 p m
Fast Line,	8:50 p m	Pacific Expr's,	1:10 p m
LOCAL.		Way Passenger,	9:50 p m
Walls No 1,	6:40 a m	LOCAL.	
Wilkinsburg Ac		Walls No 1	6:30 a m
No 1	7:05 a m	Brinton Ac. No1,	7:30 a m
Walls No 2,	10:20 a m	Wilkinsburg Ac	
Walls No 3,	11:45 a m	No 1	8:20 a m
Wilkinsburg Ac		Walls No 2,	9:10 a m
No 2	2:40 p m	Johnstown Ac.	10 10 a m
Walls No 4,	3:20 p m	Walls No 3,	1:45 p m
Johnstown Ac.	4:00 p m	Walls No 4	3:20 p m
Brinton Accom-modation No 1,	4 50 p m	Wilkinsburg Ac No 2	4.45 p m
Brinton Ac No 2	5:40 p m	Walls Ac. No. 5	5:55 p m
Walls No 5,	6:15 p m	Brinton No 2,	6:50 p m
Brinton Ac No 3	9:20 p m	Brinton Ac. No 3	7:25 p m
Walls Ac No 6	11:05 p m	Brinton Ac No 4	11:10 p m

Chicago Express, Cincinnati Express, Fast Line and Brinton Ac. No. 3 leave daily.

Pacific Express daily, except Monday.

All other trains daily, except Sunday.

Pacific Express leaves Pittsburgh at 2:50 a m arrives at Harrisburg at 11:40 a m; Philadelphia 3:30 p m; Baltimore 3:00 p m; Washington 5:40 p m. New York 6:34 p m.

Chicago Express leaves Pittsburgh at 12.20 p m, arrives Harrisburg 10.20 p m; Philadelphia 2.30 a m; New York 6 10 a m.

Cincinnati Express leaves Pittsburgh at 1:10 p m arrives at Harrisburg 10:45 p m; Philadelphia 2:50 a m. Baltimore 2:15 a m; Washington 5:00 a m, New York 6 0 a m

Philadelphia Express leaves Pittsburgh at 5:20 p m arrives at Harrisburg 2:55 a m; Philadelphia 6:65 a m New York 10:14 a m.

Fast Line leaves Pittsburgh at 8:50 pm; arrives at Harrisburg 5:15 a m; Philadelphia 9:50 a m; Baltimore 4 a m; Washington 11:30 a m; New York 8 0 a m

The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:10 a m reaching Pittsburgh at 10:00 a m. Returning leave Pittsburgh at 12:30p m, and arrive at Wall's Station at 1:50 p m. Leave Pittsburgh at 3:00 p m, arrive Brinton's 10:30 p m.

CITY TICKET OFFICE—For the convenience of the citizens of Pittsburgh the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have opened a city ticket office at No 58 Fifth avenue corner of Smithfield street, where Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets and Local Tickets to principal stations can be purchased at any hour of the day or evening at the usual Office rates are charged at the depot.

Baggage will be checked through to destination from hotels and residences by Excelsior Daggage Express Co on orders left at the office.

For further information apply to

A. J. CASSATT, General Manager. D. M. BOYD, JR., Gen. Pass. Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD On and after Monday, July 29th, 1873. Three Through Trains daily, except Sunday, will leave Pittsburgh, city time, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo and all points in the Oil Regions, and Western and Central New York.

	Leave.	Arrive
Buffalo Express	7.30 a m	8.25 p m
Night Express	9.30 p m	6.05 a m
Day Express	11.50 a m	5.45 a m
1st Hulton Ac	6.40 a m	6.30 a m
1st Soda Works Ac	9.45 a m	8.20 a m
Brady's Bend Ac	3.20 p m	10.10 a m
2d Hulton Ac	4 40 p m	9,05 a m
2d Soda Works Ac	5.50 p m	2.15 p m
3d Hulton Ac	10.50 p m	10.45 p m

A special Sunday train leaves Pittsburgh every Sunday at 7 30 a m, arriving at Parker at 12.18 a m. Returning leaves Parker at 4.30 p m, and arrives at Pittsburgh at 8 25 p m

Church train to and from Soda Works (Sunday) arrives at Pittsburgh at 10.10 a m, and leaves at 12.50 p m.

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l. Supt. H. BRAY, Ticket Agent.

New Advertisements.

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Young men and ladies qualified for practical operators, at the Buffalo Telegraph Institute and City Line Telegraph. Every graduate secures a position. The largest and most complete in America. Address for circular and catalogue, C. L. BRYANT, Superintendent, Buffalo, N. Y.

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A Boarding School for Young Men and Boys. For Circulars address Rev. H. S. ALEXANDER, Columbia, Pa.

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Epidemic and Contagious Diseases

with the newest and best treatment for all cases. The only thorough work of the kind in the world. Embraces Small-Pox, Yellow Fever, Cholera, and all analogous diseases. No family safe without it, and all buy it. Has 24 chromatic illustrations. The biggest chance of the season for agents. Address H. S. GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, New York.

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PSYCHOMANCY OR "SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free by mail, for 25 cents, together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, A queer book. 100,000 sold. Address T. WILLIAMS & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia.

MONEY made rapidly with Stencil & Key Check Outfits. Catalogues and full particulars free. S. M. Spencer, 117 Hanover st., Boston.

$5 TO $20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex young or old, make money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

$25 MONEY MADE FAST $1,000.

By all who will work for us. If on writing you do not find us all square we will give you one dollar for your trouble. Send stamp for circulars to O. H. BUCKLEY & CO., Tekonsha, Mich.

Having struggled twenty years between life and death with ASTHMA or PHTHISIC I experimented myself by compounding roots and herbs, and inhaling the Medicine thus obtained. I fortunately discovered a most wonderful remedy and sure cure for Asthma and its kindred diseases. Warranted to relieve the severest paroxysm instantly, so the patient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. One trial package sent by mail free of charge. Address D. LANGELL, Apple Creek, Wayne County, O.

THE LA CROIX MEDICAL DISPENSARY,

ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

Is the oldest and most successful institution in this country for the treatment of Chronic and Sexual diseases. For terms of treatment call or address by mail address. S. H. HUNSDON, 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y.

GRANDEST SCHEME EVER KNOWN.

FOURTH GRAND GIFT CONCERT

For the benefit of the

PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.

$12,000 CASH GIFTS $1,500,000.

Every Fifth Ticket Draws a Gift.

$250,000 FOR $50.

The Fourth Grand Gift Concert authorized by special act of the Legislature for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, will take place in Public Library Hall, at Louisville, Ky.,

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 3d, 1873.

Only sixty thousand tickets will be sold and one-half of these are intended for the European market. thus leaving only 30,000 for sale in the United States where 100,000 were disposed of for the third concert. The tickets are divided into ten coupons or parts and have on their back the scheme with a full explanation of the mode of drawing.

At this concert, which will be the grandest musical display ever witnessed in this country, the unprecedented sum of

$1,500,000,

divided into 12,000 cash gifts, will be distributed by lot among the ticket-holders. The numbers of the tickets are to be drawn from one wheel by blind children and the gifts from another.

LIST OF GIFTS.

One Grand Cash Gift	$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift	100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift	17,500
10 Cash Gifts $10,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts $5,000 each	150,000
50 Cash Gifts $1,000 each	50,000
80 Cash Gifts $500 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts $400 each	40,000
150 Cash Gifts $300 each	45,000
250 Cash Gifts $200 each	50,000
325 Cash Gifts $100 each	32,500
11,000 Cash Gifts $50 each	550,000
Total 12,000 Cash Gifts amounting to	$1,500,000

The distribution will be positive, whether all the tickets are sold or not, and the 12,000 gifts all paid in proportion to the tickets sold—all unsold tickets being destroyed as at the first and second concerts, and not represented in the drawing.

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole tickets $50; Halves $25; Tenths, or each Coupon $5; Eleven whole tickets for $500; 22½ tickets for $1,000; 113 whole tickets for $5,000; 227 whole tickets for $10,000. No discount on less than $500 worth of Tickets at a time.

The unparalleled success of the Third Gift Concert, as well as the satisfaction given by the First and Second, makes it only necessary to announce the Fourth to insure the prompt sale of every ticket. The Fourth Grand Gift Concert will be conducted in all its details like the Third, and full particulars may be learned from circulars, which will be sent free from this office to all who apply for them.

Tickets are now ready for sale, and all orders accompanied by the money promptly filled. Liberal terms given to those who buy to sell again.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,

Agent Public Library of Kentucky, and Manager Gift Concert, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.

HAIR CUTTING AND SHAVING, also Toppies and Wigs made to order. JOHN B. WILLIAMS, just below Clark's Hotel. aug15-tf

The Beaver Radical.

The RADICAL is published every Friday morning at the following rates:

ONE YEAR, (payable in advance,)	$2,00
SIX MONTHS, " " "	1,00
THREE " " " "	50
SINGLE COPIES	05

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription at the option of the publisher, unless otherwise agreed upon.

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Advertisements of 10 lines or less, $1,00 for one insertion, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

All advertisements, whether of displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

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Advertisements of 5 lines or less, 50cents for one insertion, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices charged as advertisements, and payable in advance.

Local news and matters of general interest communicated by any correspondent, with real name disclosed to the publisher, will be thankfully received. Local news solicited from every part of the county.

Publication Office: IN THE RADICAL BUILDING Corner Diamond, Beaver, Pa.

All communications and business letters should be addressed to SMITH CURTIS, Beaver, Pa.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Senator Mortons's Speech—Corruption, Past and Present—Have the Democracy Stood by Their Principles—Statistics of College Comencements—Curiosities About the Japs—The Washburne and Butler Gubernatorial Contest.

Correspondence of the Radical.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 8, 1873.

In a recent speech at Athens, Ohio, Senator Morton referred to the statement so frquently made by Democratic writers and speakers, and so universally incorporated into the Democratic platforms, that the present is one of the most corrupt periods this country has ever witnessed, and says of this opinion: "So far from the public morals having been debauched and deteriorated during the twelve years of Republican rule, notwithstanding the war with all its consequences and demoralization, they have greatly improved. It is not that Congress is more corrupt than formerly, for in my opinion it is less so; but it is that public opinion demands a higher standard of rectitude on the part of its public men that we ever before exacted."

The Senator is, at least, partly right. It is not fair that we should suppose the present day to be more corrupt than any past periods simply because we hear complaint. Applying the same test we would come to the conclusion that each drought, or each storm, was more severe than any that preceded it. The farmer will tell us that he never before saw such weather; the little boy will tell us that he never had so sore a finger; our grandmothers will tell us that the children are worse today than they were in her young days, and the scoffer will tell us that the preachers are more dissipated and debauched than they ever were before. But if we take the trouble to examine the past we will find at each period the same complaint general: that the world is worse than formerly. But if we sum up all past experience and compare the present with any past period we always find ourselves as well off as those who went before us.

The farmer broods over one day of unfavorable weather and forgets the six days of sunshine; the little boy will cry and complain of one sore toe and never mention the nine sound ones; grandmother frets about one wicked boy and never thinks of the several good ones; the papers give thrilling accounts filling columns of the history of one murder and never think of the millions who have not murdered anybody and who have not been murdered, and we hear all about the minister who has stepped from the path of rectitude and never once think of the thousands of upright men who are clear above even the suspicion of crime.

So it is with public affairs. There are thirty-seven thousand postmasters in the United States. Let three of these become defaulters to the government and we hear a general out-cry about the dishonesty of public officers. We see the three, but are totally oblivious to the existence of the thirty-seven thousand. This is evidence of the fact that dishonest officials are the exception and not the rule. We are accustomed to dwell upon more exceptions than upon rules.

Let us not, however, deprecate these facts. Let us rather be glad that public opinion does demand a higher standard of rectitude on the part of its public men. It is greatly to the credit of the Republican party that this spirit has grown up during a period when it had control of the affairs of the government. It will be well if this watchful spirit continues until corruption is entirely banished from public life. But let not the Democratic party assume all the credit for having exposed official corruption. Let no Democrat suppose his party to be alone in condemning corrupt practices. Had not Republicans joined in the cry but little could have been done to purify the politics of the nation.

The Democratic party has determined to stand by its "long-established principles," which our Democratic friends assure us are adapted to every age; to adhere to the old pretty land-marks. Now this sounds right well. These fickle, changeable kinds of people don't win our respect all. We, somehow or other, admire that man who takes a firm stand and is not driven about by every breath of wind. We shout at the mention of a man who expresses a determination to "fight it out" on a certain line. We like "long-established principles." There is something in human nature that reveres antiquity. We pay a hundred dollars for a book printed three centuries ago, when we can get a much more valuable one printed three months ago for a dollar.

But we see signs that the "human nature" of Young America is changing. We see evidences of a kind of contempt for men and for parties that do not change themselves to changed circumstances. Somebody has said that a man who never changes his opinions never learns anything. We are losing our reverence for old land-marks. Antiquities are losing their value in our eyes. We care for them only as curiosities. We sometimes think that Socrates was not a whit wiser than some men of our own day. Aristotle was no better than Bacon or Mill. The laws of Solon and Lycurgus are not supposed to be superior to the Constitution of the United States, and Justinian, though venerated, is not accepted as the highest standard. The old English common-law is giving way on all hands to our own modern statutes.

But what are the "old land-marks of the Democracy?" what are the "long-established principles" to be adhered to in these latter days? Is "Free-trade and Sailors' Rights" to be one of the battle cries? Is "squatter sovereignty" one of the land-marks? Is hatred to the negro one of the "long-established principles?" Does the Democracy propose to adhere to their old pro-slavery doctrines? That is perhaps about as "long-established" as any principle ever taught by them. Or do they go so far back? Would they stop with their opposition to the doctrine of "coercion?" Or would they come down so late as to enumerate their opposition to the recent amendments to the Constitution as long established principles?

It would be really entertaining to have some of their wisest men enlighten the public on these questions. When people are asked to support certain principles they have a right to have these principles defined. The general phrase "long-established" is hardly satisfactory, for there are several difficulties remaining. First, it is difficult to find a distintively Democratic principle that can be said to have been established at all. Last year all the old Democratic gods were broken, and that without any seeming remorse. Second, without dwelling on the first difficulty, the voter is puzzled to know which of the many Democratic principles to accept. He cannot adopt them all, for they will not "jibe together."

The Democratic party is in terrible straits for principles. It is afraid of anything new, and it dares not rely upon anything old. Last year it appeared in a garb stolen from the Republicans, but that did not win. The only thing that now remains for it to do is to get an entirely new suit of clothes, to adopt new principles, to raise new issues. It cannot succeed without making an issue with the party in power. It cannot succeed on old issues. It cannot succeed at all.

Circular for Information No. 3, for 1873 has just been issued by the National Bureau of Education. It contains an "account of college commencement for the summer of 1873 in the States of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania." It will soon be followed by No. 4 containing an account of the same in the remaining States.

In fifty-four institutions the total number of degrees conferred was 2,515, of which 2,333 were in course and 182 honorary. That degree most numerously conferred was Bachelor of Arts; number 1,116. 470 persons received the degree of Master of Arts; 151 the degree of Bachelor of Science; 49 the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy; 45 the degree of Bachelor of Divinity; 55 Doctor of Divinity, and 252 Doctor of Medicine.

A good deal of curiosity is being manifested to discover the reasons of the Japanese government for recalling the six hundred students now in this country and in Europe. It is said that upon investigation it was found they were not making satisfactory progress. This is probably true. The Japanese are as well acquainted with philosophy and science as we, and doubtless even better. It will not be a matter of surprise if we next hear that the American adventurers in Japan who have imposed themselves upon the government there and are now drawing snug salaries of twenty or twenty-five thousand a year have been dismissed and sent home in disgrace. The Japanese were very unfortunate in selecting men from this country to teach them our civilization, as not a single man from Horace Capron down to Sam. M. Bryan is of average ability, or is imbued with the real spirit of progress.

The fight that has been going on for some days between the bulls and the bears of Wall Street terminated on Saturday in the apparently thorough defeat of the bulls. It has been reported and it is currently believed that certain of the national banks lent their assistance to the bull movement, and through their aid there was at one time a strong probability of success. These national banks are to some extent subject to the control of the Treasury, and it is understood at the Currency Bureau that an effort will be made to discover the part taken by the suspected banks. It is doubtful whether the law as it now stands will punish them for the indirect aid they gave the gamblers, but an investigation may have the effect of bringing the matter before Congress when additional safeguards may be provided against the machinations of these swindlers.

The latest news from Massachusetts is that Washburne has steadily gained on Butler and that he is now ahead. Although it has been charged that the administration has attempted to control this contest and has used the federal patronage to secure the nomination of Butler; although, on the other hand, Secretary Robeson has stated in the most positive terms that the administration did not intend to meddle at all, that it had nothing to do with the making or unmaking of governors of States; rumors are rife that it is now the desire of the administration that both Washburne and Butler should withdraw, and that a new man be put forward whom all factions can support.

SAM.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Summer Resorts—Expensive Living—Cape May, its Drives and Bathing—Ladies' Wardrobes.

Correspondence of the Radical.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept., 1, 1873.

Two months absence from home have cut me off from THE RADICAL, and very glad I was to come across its welcome columns once more upon my return yesterday. I have been along up the sea shore and mountains, and feel greatly like ventilating my impressions regarding the fun and frivolity there encountered, for verily human nature shows at its worst where amusement only is the object of life. It is greatly to be regretted that progressive civilization defeats itself and its own objects at our popular summer resorts and that fashion makes such inroads upon our pockets that two months sojourn at one of our principal summer resorts costs as much as the whole of the rest of the year. This is to be regreted on account of children who require a lengthened absence from large cities during the heated term. The old fashioned farm house has died out; the great railroad facilities of modern times rendering it easier to send produce to market than to import borders to eat it at the point of production. The consequence is that the term farm house in this part of the world has become synonimous with slow starvation, and they are no longer sought after. All this results in the short excursion system being most popular. Nevertheless, Philadelphians flock in thousands to Atlantic City and Cape May, this latter being the favorite resort. Since the opening of the West Jersey Railroad they have adopted the most liberal policy in regard to Cape Island, the drives and rides are of the finest description. The cottages numerous and the hotels with the Stockton House at the head of the list of the very best description. Over and above all this is the bathing, universally acknowledged to be the best in the world, but perhaps a short description of this famous and most extensively patronized of all American resorts may not be unacceptable. The Island is formed by Delaware Bay on one side, Cold Spring Inlet on the other and the Atlantic Ocean in front. Along the shores of the Bay runs Diamond Beach, where crystal pebbles are found called "Cape May Daimonds." Jewelers will tell you they have no intrinsic value, but the native assert that these same jewelers buy them up in quantities and after polishing sell them for the genuine article. At the mouth of the Bay is Cape May Light House, one of the finest structures of the kind in the world. At Lewes, directly opposite is Kenlopen Light House, built when this country belonged to Great Britian. It is remarkable for being the oldest Light House on this continent, and having the laziest keeper in creation. Cold Spring Inlet empties into the sounds which stretch from Cape May to Atlantic City, and the Island is washed by the head Atlantic. There is no sight on earth equal to that of the Ocean from Poverty beach to the Light House, the blue waves come rolling in with softest murmuring, tipped with little white caps dancing like feathery foam in the sunlight. Sand snipes looking like neat little quakeresses paddle on the beach, while white winged sea gulls, fit emblems of the fair daughters of fashion float and eddy over head. Away over the water the ships are sailing, while on the strand the children play. Happy little children with their spades and buckets building up monuments which the next wave washes away. One of the peculiarities of Cape May bathing is that there one may venture a great distance from shore without getting beyond their depth, and you can go through all the pleasures of being drowned by being knocked down by a wave and swallowing unlimited quantities of water without running the slightest risk of loosing your life. Some people do get drowned there sometimes, but it is always the good swimmers who venture out two far and are washed out by the undertow. As a rule the living is good at most all the establishments on the Island. The country is an agricultural one, fruits, vegetables, fish and oysters cheap. During the season bands of music give three open air concerts at the three principal hotels daily. Every other night all the houses give full dress hops, and the intervening evenings are devoted to dramatic, operatic and religious observances. Apropos of religion all the denominations secure the very best oratorical and musical talents for their churches during the season, for which there is a two fold reason. The first of which is that first-class talent has rather an afinity for sea-airs and sea-bathing, and secondly because they get a much better chance at the sinners en mass in such a locality than elsewhere.

However, enough of Cape May. I began this letter intending to tell you something of the ladies' wardrobe, but must of course content myself with mentioning but one item of extravagance. The favorite styles of hosiery are of pure silk in various attractive colors, the most popular hues being the various shades of scarlet, though the sky-blue varieties are also very much in demand. They usually retail at about twelve dollars a pair and are sufficiently handsome to answer the exacting tastes of the most capricious belle.

EIZZIL.

—The Springfield *Republican* has now returns from 742 delegates, nearly three-fourths of the whole number to the Worcester Convention, divided as follows: Washburn, 394; Butler, 319; doubtful and contested, 29. There are 359 delegates yet to be elected, of whom 45 come from four western counties, 54 from Worcester county, and 258 from the eastern part of the State, 62 each from Essex and Middlesex counties, the former of which is one of Butler's strongholds. Of 101 delegates to come from the western part of the State the *Republican* estimates that Washburn will have nearly three-fourths, and of the remaining 258 about 125. As Washburn has now a clear majority of 46, giving Butler every doubtful vote, the *Republican* considers him sure of 100 majority in the Convention, but it is quite likely to be 150, and may rise to 200.

The *Journal's* returns for delegates to the Convention so far as heard from at a late hour to-night stand 418 for Washburn, 315 for Butler and 39 doubtful. There are 333 more delegates to be elected.

—The Boston *Globe* says: Whatever may be the result of the contest now going on in the dominant party, there is no ground for the hope that any Democratic candidate could slip into office. If there is ever a contest at the polls between two Republican candidates, the Democratic voters will scatter like sheep from their own little fold, and enlist on the one side or the other of the new issues that come up for decision.

ELECTIVE AFFINITIES.

A Novel.

TRANSLATED FROM THE GERMAN OF GOETHE.

PART II.

CHAPTER III. (Continued.)

They had finished with the arching of the ceiling. The walls they proposed to leave plain, and only to cover them over with a bright brown color. The delicate pillars and the quaintly moulded ornaments were to be distinguished from them by a dark shade. But as in such things one thing ever leads on to another, they determined at least on having festoons of flowers and fruit, which should as it were unite together heaven and earth. Here Ottilie was in her element. The gardens provided the most perfect patterns; and although the wreaths were as rich as they could make them, it was all finished sooner than they had supposed possible.

It was still looking rough and disorderly. The scaffolding poles had been run together, the planks thrown on the top of the other; the uneven pavement was yet more disfigured by the particolored stains of the paint which had been spilt over it.

The Architect begged that the ladies would give him a week to himself, and and during that time would not enter the chapel; at the end of it, one fine evening, he came to them, and begged them both to go and see it. He did not wish to accompany them, he said, and at once took his leave.

"Whatever surprise he may have designed for us," said Charlotte, as soon as he was gone, "I cannot myself just now go down there. You can go by yourself, and tell me all about it. No doubt he has been doing something which we shall like. I will enjoy it first in your description, and afterwards it will be the more charming in the reality.

Ottilie, who knew well that in many cases Charlotte took care to avoid everything which could produce emotion, and particularly disliked to be surprised, set off down the walk by herself, and looked round involuntarily for the Architect, who, however, was nowhere to be seen, and must have concealed himself somewhere. She walked into the church, which she found open. This had been finished before; it had been cleaned up, and service had been performed it it. She went on to the chapel door; its heavy mass, all overlaid with iron, yielded easily to her touch, and she found an unexpected sight in a familiar spot.

A solemn beautiful light streamed in through the one tall window. It was filled with stained glass, gracefully put together. The entire chapel had thus received a strange tone, and a peculiar genius was thrown over it. The beauty of the vaulted ceiling and the walls was set off by the elegance of the pavement, which was composed of peculiarly shaped tiles, fastened together with gypsum, and forming exquisite patterns as they lay. This and the colored glass for the windows the Architect had prepared without their knowledge, and a short time was sufficient to have it put in its place.

Seats had been provided as well. Among the relics of the old church some finely carved chancel chairs had been discovered, which now were standing about at convenient places along the walls.

The parts which she knew so well now meeting her as an unfamiliar whole, delighted Ottilie. She stood still, walked up and down, looked and looked again; at last she seated herself in one of the chairs, and it seemed, as she gazed up and down, as if she was, and yet was not—as if she felt and did not feel—as if all this would vanish from before her, and she would vanish from herself; and it was only when the sun left the window, on which before it had been shining full, that she awoke to possession of herself, and hastened back to the castle.

She did not hide from herself the strange epoch at which this surprise had occurred to her. It was the evening of Edward's birthday. Very differently she had hoped to keep it. How was not everything to be dressed out for this festival? and now all the splendor of the autumn flowers remained ungathered. Those sunflowers still turned their faces to the sky; those asters still looked on with quiet, modest eye; and whatever of them all had been wound into wreaths had served as patterns for the decorating a spot which, if it were not to remain a mere artist's fancy, was only adapted as a general mausoleum.

And then she had to remember the impetuous eagerness with which Edward had kept her birth-day feast. She thought of the newly erected lodge, under the roof of which they had promised themselves so much enjoyment. The fireworks flashed and hissed again before her eyes and ears; the more lonely she was, the more keenly her imagination brought it all before her. But she felt herself only the more alone. She no longer leant upon his arm, and she had no hope ever any more to rest herself upon it.

FROM OTTILIE'S DIARY.

"I have been struck with an observation of the young architect.

"In the case of the creative artist, as in that of the artisan, it is clear that man is least permitted to appropriate to himself what is most entirely his own. His works forsake him as the birds forsake the nest in which they were hatched.

"The fate of the Architect is the strangest of all in this way. How often he expends his whole soul, his whole heart and passion, to produce buildings into which he himself may never enter. The halls of kings owe their magnificence to him; but he has no enjoyment of them in their splendor. In the temple he draws a partion line between himself and the Holy of Holies; he may never more set his foot upon the steps which he has laid down for the heart-thrilling ceremonial; as the goldsmith may only adore from afar off the *monstrance* whose enamel and whose jewels he has himself set together. The builder surrenders to the rich man, with the key of his palace, all pleasure and all right there, and never shares with him in the enjoyment of it. And must not art in this way, step by step, draw off from the artist, when the work, like a child who is provided for, has no more to fall back upon its father? And what a power there must be in art itself, for its own self-advancing, when it has been obliged to shape itself almost solely out of what was open to all, only out of what was the property of every one, and therefore also of the artist!"

"There is a conception among old nations which is awful, and may almost seem terrible. They pictured their forefathers to themselves sitting round on thrones, in enormous caverns, in silent converse; when a new comer entered, if he were worthy enough, they rose up and inclined their heads to welcome him. Yesterday, as I was sitting in the chapel, and other carved chairs stood round like that in which I was, the thought of this came over me with a soft, pleasant feeling. Why cannot you stay sitting here? I say to myself; stay here sitting meditating with yourself long, long, long, till at last your friends come, and you rise up to them, and with a gentle inclination direct them to their places. The colored window panes convert the day into a solemn twilight; and some one should set up for us an ever-burning lamp, that the night might not be utter darkness."

"We may imagine ourselves in what what situation we please, we always conceive ourselves as *seeing*. I believe men only dream that they may not cease to see. Some day, perhaps, the inner light will come out from within us, and we shall not any more require another.

The year dies away, the wind sweeps over the stubble, and there is nothing left to stir under its touch. But the redberries on yonder tall tree seem as if they would remind us of brighter things; and the stroke of the thrasher's flail awaks the thought how much of nourishment and life lies buried in the sickled ear."

CHAPTER IV.

How strangely, after all this, with the sense so vividly impressed on her of mutability and perishableness, must Ottilie have been affected by the news which could not any longer be kept concealed from her, that Edward had exposed himself to the uncertain chances of war! Unhappily, none of the observations which she had occasion to make upon it escaped her. But it well for us that man can only endure a certain degree of unhappiness; what is beyond that, either annihilates him, or passes by him, and leaves him apathetic. There are situations in which hope and fear run together, in which they mutually destroy one another, and lose themselves in a dull indifference. If it were not so how could we bear to know of those who are most dear to us being in hourly peril, and yet go on as usual with our ordinary everyday life?

It was therefore as if some good genius was caring for Ottilie, that, all at once, this stillness, in which she seemed to be sinking from loneliness and want of occupation, was suddenly invaded by a wild army, which, while it gave her externally abundance of employment, and so took her out of herself, at the same time awoke in her the consciousness of her own power.

Charlotte's daughter, Luciana, had scarcely left the school and gone out into the great world; scarcely had she found herself at her aunt's house in the midst of a large society, than her anxiety to please produced its effect in really pleasing; and a young, very wealthy man, soon experienced a passionate desire to make her his own. His large property gave him a right to have the best of everything for his use, and nothing seemed to be wanting to him except a perfect wife, for whom, as for the rest of his good fortune, he should be the envy of the world.

This incident in her family had been for some time occupying Charlotte. It had engaged all her attention, and taken up her whole correspondence, except so far as this was directed to the obtaining news of Edward; so that latterly Ottilie had been left more than was usual to herself. She knew, indeed, of an intended visit from Luciana. She had been making various changes and arrangements in the house in preparation for it; but she had no notion that it was so near. Letters, she supposed, would first have to pass, setting the time; and then a final fixing, when the storm broke suddenly over the castle and over herself.

TO BE CONTINUED.

"WHAT is your secret?" asked a lady of Turner, the distinguished painter He replied, "I have no secret, madam, but hard work."

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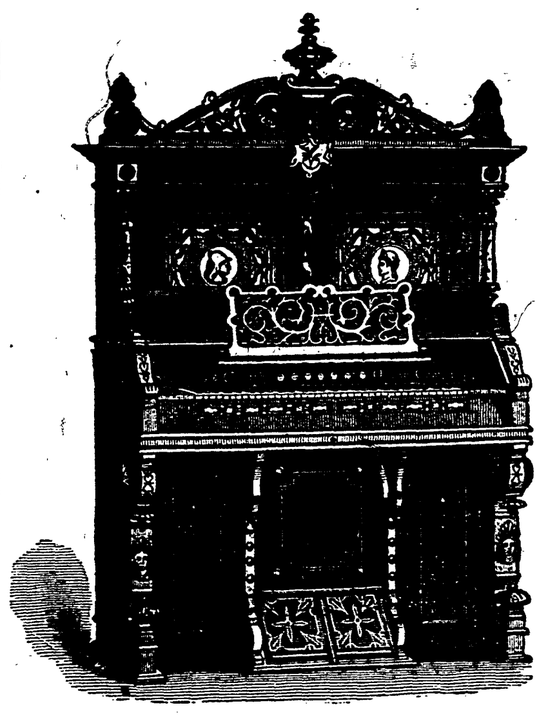

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LETTER FROM BISHOP SIMPSON.

PHILADELPHIA, April 1, 1868.

T. G. SMITH & CO.—*Gents*—Having used one of your Bradbury Pianos, it has given great satisfaction to my family and to many visitors who have heard its sweet tones at my house. It is a very superior instrument, both in finish and power. I heartily wish you success as successor to the late Wm. B. Bradbury, in continuing the manufacture of his justly celebrated Pianos. Yours truly,
M. SIMPSON.

Chief Justice Salmon P. Chase, Washington D. C., Decides the Bradbury to be the National Piano of the country.

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T. S. Arthur, Philadelphia—"We have used for years, and can recommend the Bradbury Piano."

Philip Philips, New York, says, "I have sung with and used the Bradbury Piano in my family for years."

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Theodore Tilton, Editor Independent: "If you were to ask my children, I am afraid they would say they liked our Bradbury almost as well as they like me."

Dr. Daniel Wise, Editor Sunday School Advocate: "I use the Bradbury Piano, and think, like his music it cannot be excelled."

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John Caughey, Beaver Pa., purchased from me three years ago a No. 6 Bradbury, and says "There is no better, or sweeter toned, or more desirable Piano, according to my judgment and experience, than my Piano. It has given entire satisfaction, and grows better as it becomes older."

Wm. McCoy, of Beaver, Pa., in the spring of 1871 bought from me a No. 8 Bradbury, which has proven to be a superior instrument in every respect.

Miss Mary McGaffick also owns and uses a Bradbury.

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ORIGIN OF THE NAMES OF STATES.

There is much that is interesting in the study of the origin of the names of the States of the Union, as they are derived from a variety of sources. To begin in the geographical order, we first have Maine, which takes its name from the providence of Maine in France, and was so called in compliment to the Queen of Charles I, Henrietta, its owner.

New Hampshire—first called Laconia—from Hampshire, England.

Vermont, from the Green mountains, French verd mont.

Massachusetts, from the Indian language, signifying "the country about the great hill."

Rhode Island gets its name from the fancied resemblance of the island to that of Rhodes, in the ancient Levant.

Connecticut's name was Monhegan, spelled originally, Quon-eh-ta-cut, signifying "a long river."

New York was so named as a compliment to the duke of York, whose brother Charles II granted him that territory.

New Jersey was named by one of its original proprietors, Sir George Caterer, after the Island of Jersey, in the British channel, of which he was governor.

Pennsylvania, as is generally known, takes its name from William Penn, the word "sylvania" means woods.

Delaware derives its name from Thomas West, Lord De la Ware, governor of Virginia.

Maryland received its name from the Queen of Charles I, Henrietta Maria.

Virginia got its name from Queen Elizabeth, the unmarrried or Virgin Queen.

The Carolinas were named in honor of Charles I, and Georgia in honor of George II.

Florida gets its name from Kanqusa de Flores, or "Feast of the Flowers."

Alabama comes from a Greek word signifying "The land of rest."

Louisiana was so named in honor of Louis XIV.

Mississippi derives its name from that of the great river, which is in the Nachez tongue, "The Father of Waters."

Arkansas is derived from the Indian word Kansas, "Smoky Water," with the French prefix of ark, "a bow."

Tennessee is an Indian name, meaning "The river with the big bend."

Kentucky, also, is an Indian name, "Kaintuck-ee," signifying at the head of the river.

Ohio is the Swawnee name for "The beautiful river."

Michigan's name was derived from the lake, the Indian name for a fish weir, or trap, which is the shape of the lake suggested.

Indiana's name came from that of the Indians.

Illinois's name is derived from the Indian word "Illini," men, and the French affix "ois," makidg it "Tribe of men."

Wisconsin's name is said to be the Indian one for a wild rushing channel.

Missouri is also an Indian name for muddy, having reference to the muddiness of the Missouri river.

Kansas is the Indian word for smoky water.

The derivation of the names of Nebraska and Nevada is unknown.

Iowa signifies, in the Indian language, "The drowsy ones," and Minnesota "Cloudy water."

The origin of the name of California is unknown.

Oregon, according to some, comes from Oregana, the Indian name of a wild majoram which grows abundantly on the Pacific coast; and according to others, from Oregon, "The river of the West," in allusion to the Columbia river.

A Lesson of Faith and Trust.

A good woman, searching out the children of want, one cold day last winter, tried to open a door in the third story of a wretched house, when she heard a little voice say, "Pull the string up high!" She looked up and saw a string which, on being pulled, lifted a latch; and she opened the door upon two halt naked children, all alone. Very pitiful and cold they looked.

"Do you take care of yourselves, little ones?" asked the good woman.

"God takes care of us," said the eldest

"And are you not very cold? No fire on a day like this?"

"Oh! when we are very cold, we creep under the quilt, and I puts my arms round Tommy, and Tommy puts his round me, and then we get warm," said the little girl.

"And what have you to eat?"

"When granny comes home she fetches us something. Granny says God has got enough. Granny calls us God's sparrows: and we say 'Our Father' and 'daily bread' every day. God is our Father."

Tears came into the good woman's eyes. She had a distrusting spirit herself; but these two little "sparrows" perched in that cold upper chamber, taught her a sweet lesson of faith and trust she'll never forget.

A NICE old man, a vegetable gardner, called at a newspaper office and inquired very anxiously if the editor had seen anything in the papers recently about a worm that was doing much damage to celery. "I intended," said he, "to have raised a good deal of celery this year, but durn me, if I think it'll pay if that durned celery grub that started at Washington a while since, about what I've been heern so much on, is coming this way." A light dawned upon the editor's mind—the "Salary Grab."

Business Directory.

BEA ER.

M. & J. LAWRENCE, Physicians & Surgeons, office that formerly occupied by U S Revenue Assessor, Third street, Beaver, Pa. apr11-1y

THOMAS DONEHOO, M. D. Office lower door in John Border's building, Beaver, Pa. ap26tf

MILLER, J. W. Physician and Surgeon, office that formerly occupied by Drs. McKinny and Lawrence. Residence, Dr. McNutt's house.

DUNLAP, J. F., Attorney at Law. Office in the Court-house, Beaver, Pa. All legal business promptly attended to. my3'71-1y

PURVIS J. H., dealer in Fancy Dry Goods, Choice Groceries, and Notions. (Specialty—Tea and Sugar,) Flour, Feed, and Wooden-ware, corner of Third and Buffalo streets, Beaver, Pa. nov10'71

ALLISON THOS., dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, cor Third and Elk sts. jy29'70

CLARK J. B., dealer in Groceries and Provisions, Third street. jy29'70

SNITGEM S. & CO., dealer in Groceries and Provisions, Third street.

BEACOM Mrs. E. H., dealer in Millinery Goods and Trimmings, cor 3d st. and Diamond. jy29

ANDRIESSEN HUGO, dealer in Drugs and Medicines, 3d st. See advertisement. jy29'70

MOORE J., dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Third street. jy29'70

TALLON ROBERT, manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Third street. jy29'70

MERTZ H., manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Third street. jp29'70

WALTER F., Baker and Confectioner, northeast corner of the Diamond. jy29'70

ANSHUTZ O. R., dealer in Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, Third street. jy29'70

KUHN E. P., Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Office on Third street. jy29'90

H. HICE. FRANK WILSON. H. B. MOORE.
HICE, WILSON & MOORE, Attorneys at Law. Office: Rear of the Court-house.

BRIDGEWATER.

J. UBALTO'S Shady Side Photograph Gallery, Second Floor, Dunlap's corner, opposite the toll bridge. apr11-1y

MOLTER, J. C., Market street, Bridgewater, dealer in COAL from Bank at McKinley's Run. feb21'73-1y

HURST A. C., dealer in Dry Goods, Hats and Caps, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Trimmings, Bridge street. jy29'70

STILES & CO., dealers in Groceries, Provisions and Quensware, Bridge street. jy29'70

MULHEIM B., dealer in Carpets, Oil Cloths and Variety Goods, Bridge street. jy29'70

ROCHESTER.

DONCASTER HOUSE, opposite Railroad Station, D. Wolf, Proprietor. *Pro Bono Publico.* [nov15-1y

SMITH, JOHN F., (New Store.) dealer in Groceries, Flour, Feed, Nails, Varieties and Notions, best qualities and lowest prices. New Brighton and Washington streets, Rochester. aug2,72-1y

SPEYERER & SONS, wholesale and retail dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Grain, Boat Stores, Iron, Nails. Water st. oct7'70

ROSE W. A., M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. sept23'70

OATMAN & CO., (successors to Oatman, Parsons & Kinzer) dealers in all kinds of rough and dressed lumber se16'70

SCHROPP CHAS., manufacturer of and dealer in Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware. Roofing, spouting, &c., attended to. N. York st. se16'70

JOHNSON W. W., dealer in Carpets, Oil Cloths, Wall Paper, Window Shades, Trunks and Variety Goods, near RR depot. se16'70

STEFFLER & CLARK, proprietors of Johnson House. Good accommodations and good stables. Near RR depot. se16'70

STREIT GEORGE, manufacturer and dealer in Boots, Shoes, Slippers, &c., Water st. [se16

DAVID AUGHINBAUGH, manufacturer of Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron ware; dealer in Stoves. Tin Roofing made to order. Water st. se3'70

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SIEMEN GEO. F., manufacturer of Cakes and Confectionaries. Particular attention paid to parties and wedding orders. oct7'70

GILLILAND A. D. & Co., dealers in Fancy and Domestic Dry Goods and Groceries, Broadway sept23'70

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STEVENSON & WITTISH, Land office No. 198 Penn street. Pittsburgh, Pa., and Beaver Falls Pa. sept23'70

KING Mrs. E., Milliner and dealer in Dry Goods, Notions, Queensware, &c. Corner Main and Baker st. sept23'70.

DUNKEL W. W., manufacturer of and dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c. Corner Race and Main st's. sept23'70

CLARK Mrs. R. B., dealer in Millinery, Fancy Goods and Notions. Main st. se30'70

FREEDOM.

LOCKHART, Dr. J. R. se30'70

COOPER T. L., dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, &c. se30'70

VANPORT.

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Register & Recorder—James I Stokes.
Treasurer—Charles P. Wallace.
Commissioners—Daniel Neely.
Samuel Torrence.
Hugh J. Marshall.
Clerk of Commissioners—John McGown.
Counsel to Commissioners—J. R. Harrah.
Coroner—Daniel Corbus.
Auditors—Jas. H. Christy.
C. H. Hoon.
C. C. Riggs.
District Attorney—J. H. McCreery.
County Surveyor—D. M. Daugherty.
Jury Commissioners—James Warnock.
Robert Potter.
Directors of the Poor—John White.
Hiram Reed.
Samuel Gibson.
Trustees of Academy—D. P. Lowary.
S. J. Cross.
John Murray.
Samuel Magaw.
Henry Hice.
Matthew Darragh.
Benj. C. Critchlow.
James M. Smith.

BEAVER.

CHURCHES.

O. S. Presbyterian—Rev. D. J. Satterfield, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M., and 6 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

United Presbyterian—Rev. J. C. Wilson, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M., and 6½ P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal—Rev. William Lynch, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

Catholic—Rev. M. Gunkle, Priest. Services every 3d Sunday of each month at 10 A. M.

ASSOCIATIONS.

St. James Lodge A. Y. M., No. 457—S. B. Wilson, W. M., J. Morton Hall, Secretary. Meets 1st Thursday of each month.

Accidental Lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 720—A. G. White, N. G., J. N. McCreery, Secretary. Meets every Friday evening.

Banking House—Thomas McCreery.

BRIDGEWATER.

CHURCHES.

Methodist Episcopal—Rev. D. L. Dempsey Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10½ A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

Presbyterian—Rev. Jas. M. Shields, Pasator. ces every Sunday at 11 A. M., and 6 P. M. Sunday School at 9½ A. M.

Methodist Episcopal (Colored)—C. Asbury, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M., and at 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

A. M. E. Zion (Colored)—Rev. Lyons, Pastor. Services every other Sunday at 11 A. M., and at 7 P. M.

ASSOCIATIONS.

Enola Lodge, I. O. G. T., No. 163—William Carter, W. C. T., Tillie Moorhead, W. S., meets every Friday evening in their hall above A. C. Hurst's Dry Good Store.

Beaver Lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 866—Samuel McCabe, N. G., David Woodruff, Secretary, meets every tuesday evening.

Harrison Graham Encampment, I. O. O. F., No. 116—D. Shumaker, C. P., Wm. Morton, H. P., D. Woodruff, Scribe, meets 1st and 3d Thursday evenings of each month in Odd Fellows Hall.

ROCHESTER.

CHURCHES.

Episcopal—Services 1st and 3d Sundays at 10.30 A. M. and 7.30 P M. Georgetown—2d and 4th Sundays. Rev. Bollard, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal—Rev. T. S. Hodgson, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10½ A. M., and 7 P. M.—Sunday School at 2 P. M.

Methodist Episcopal, (German) | Rev. —— Miller, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10½ A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

Lutheran—Rev. H. Reck, Paster. Services every Sunday at 10½ A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 2 P. M.

First German Evang. Lutheran, St. Paul's Church—Rev. P. Borm, Pastor. Services every other Sunday at 2 P. M. Sunday School at 1 P M.

Catholic—Rev. Mr. Gunkle, Priest. Services every fourth Sunday of each month, at 10 A. M., and every Thursday at 8½ A. M.

ASSOCIATIONS.

Amaranth Lodge, I. O. G. T., No. 294—C R Blanchard, W. C. T.; Emil Smith, W. S. Meets every Wednesday even'g in Conway's Hall.

Rochester Lodge, A. Y. M., No. 229—J. R. Pendleton, W. M., John Conway, Sec'y. Meets every Friday before full moon.

Eureka, Chapter R. A. M., No. 167, meets in Masonic Hall on first Wednesday after full moon. M. E. H. P., J. R. Pendleton; Secretary, John Conway.

FREEDOM.

CHURCHES.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. E. B. Webster, Pastor. Services every other Sunday at 10½ A. M., and alternate Sundays at 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

M. E. German—Rev. Mr. Zerkel, Pastor. Services, alternate Sundays at 10½ A. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

Presbyterian—Rev. Wortman, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

German Lutheran—Rev. Mr. Born, Pastor. Services every other Sunday at 10 A. M., and alternate Sundays at 2 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

NEW BRIGHTON.

CHURCHES.

Friends—Meeting at 11 A. M. every Sunday.

Catholic—Rev. J. C. Bigham, Priest. Services, 1st, 3d and 5th Sundays each month at 10½ A. M. Sunday School every Sunday at 2½ P. M.

Church of God—Rev. McKee, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 8½ A. M.

Baptist—Rev. Dr. Winters, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 8½ A. M.

United Presbyterian—Rev. A. G. Wallace, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 8½ A. M.

O. S. Presbyterian—Rev. B. C. Critchlow, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 8½ A. M.

Episcopal—Rev. Spaulding, Rector. Services at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M. Sunday School at 9½ A. M. Seats free, and all are cordially invited.

First Methodist Church—Rev. F. S. Crowther, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 8½ A. M.

Methodist Episcopal—Rev. J. R. Mills, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 8½ A. M.

ASSOCIATIONS.

Beaver River Lodge, I. O. G. T., No. 963.—Robert Hay, W. C. T., T. S. Wilson, W. S. Meets every Tuesday evening.

New Brighton Lodge, I. O. G. T., No. 801—T. L. Kennedy, W. C. T., Oliver McKeage, W. S. Meets every Thursday evening.

Robertson Lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 450—Henry Lloyd, N. G., N. G. Taylor, Secretary. Meets every Monday evening.

Union Lodge, A. Y. M., No. 259—R. Coovert, Meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays of each month.

National Bank Beaver County—John Miner, President, Edward Hoops, Cashier, Broadway.

Banking House—R. E. & H. Hoopes, Broadway.

Young Men's Library Association—Joseph Bentley, President; Hiram Platt, Secretary. Meets every Friday evening.

BEAVER FALLS.

CHURCHES.

Methodist Episcopal—Rev. W. B. Grace, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m.

Methodist—Rev. J. F. Dyer, Pastor. Services, every Sunday at 11 A. M., and 7 7 p. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening. Sunday-school at 2½, P. M.

Presbyterian—Rev. Moorehead, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M., and 7 ½ P. M. Sunday School every Sunday at 9½ o'clock at same place. T. Noble, Sup't.

United Presbyterian—Rev. J. I. Frazier, pastor. Services on Sabbath at 10½ o'clock, A M and 7½ P M. Sabbath-school at 2½ P M.

ASSOCIATIONS.

Beaver Valley Lodge, A. Y. M., 478—Meets every second and fourth Monday of each month. T E Bateman, W M; J L B Dawson, S W; S M Hawkins, J W; Henry Hill, Treas; Ch. Molter, Sec.

Harmony Chapter, 206. Meets first Monday each month. E.A. Noble, H.P.; W.H. Grim, K.; A. Tomlinson, S.; P. Martsolf Treas.; H. C. Patterson, Sec.

Valley Echo Lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 622—W. H. Hoon, N. G., James M. Nugent, Sec'y. Meets every Thursday evening at 7½ o'clock.

Economy Savings Institute—Henry Hice, Pres't. John Reeves, Cashier.

W. C. No. 126. *P O. S. of A.*—Meets every Monday evening in Washington Hall, Ramsey's Block, Main street. G Alteman, R S; A Anderson, President.

PHILLIPSBURG.

CHURCHES.

Methodist Episcopal—Rev. Huddleston Pastor. Services, 10½ o'clock, and evening, 6½ o'clock Sunday School every Sabbath at 2 P. M.

Lutheran—German—Rev. Mr. Born, Pastor Services every other Sabbath at 10½ o'clock, and Sabbath School at 4 o'clock. *English*—Rev. Mr Jacobs, Pastor. Services every other Sabbath at 10½ o'clock and Sabbath School at 2 o'clock.

Presbyterian—Rev. W. G. Taylor, Chaplain at Pennsylvania Institute for Soldiers' Orphans. Services in Chapel at 2 o'clock, and lecture in the evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 10½ clock.

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ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF CORNELIUS SHANE, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Cornelius Shane, late of Greene township, Beaver county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to Jas. B. Shane, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

JAMES B. SHANE,
jy4-6t Administrator.

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ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ANDREW COLE, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Andrew Cole, dec'd., late of South Beaver township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

A. J. LAWRENCE, Adm'r.,
my31-6t South Beaver Township.

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THE BEAVER RADICAL.

SMITH CURTIS, EDITOR.

BEAVER, PA.

Friday Morning September 12th, 1873.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
ISAAC G. GORDON, Jefferson County.
STATE TREASURER,
R. W. MACKEY, Allegheny County.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

Assembly.
S. J. CROSS, Beaver county.
JONATHAN ALLISON, Washington county.
A. L. CAMPBELL, Butler county,
DAVID McKEE, Butler county.
Prothonotary.
O. A. SMALL, Bridgewater.
Treasurer.
JAMES H. MANN, New Brighton.
Commissioner.
G. W. SHROADES, Moon tp.
Jury Commissioner.
JOHN WILSON, Chippowa tp.
Poor House Director.
SAMUEL McMANAMY, Economy tp.
Auditor.
J. F. CULBERTSON, South Beaver tp.
Trustees of Academy.
R. S. IMBRIE, Beaver.
P. L. GRIM, New Galilee.

THE BEAVER RADICAL and the *Argus* have been consolidated, and will hereafter be published by the Beaver Printing Company in THE RADICAL building. The new paper will be called *The Beaver Argus and Radical*, and will be furnished to the subscribers of each paper excepting that those who were taking both papers will hereafter receive but one copy. J. S. Rutan will be political editor, and J. Weyand business manager. The present editor of this paper will have charge of the books of the RADICAL and the settlements of advertising accounts. It is needless to add that under the new management the paper will be Republican, and contribute in every way to the success of the whole ticket, State, District and County.

AN arrangement has been perfected, by persons competent to make it, to consolidate the *Argus* and the RADICAL. The Consolidated paper will be called "*The Beaver Argus and Radical*," and the business will be conducted in the name of the "Beaver Printing Company." The new paper will be published in Col. Quay's building, and for the time being, will take the form of the present RADICAL. If it is thought best when the advertisements now running in both papers are somewhat "weeded out," to change to the present *Argus* form, the change will be made. All contracts, whether for subscription or advertising, made previously by either the *Argus* or the RADICAL, will be filled by the Beaver Printing Company; and persons who have heretofore been taking both papers, will in the future, be furnished with but one copy, and credit given them on the new books equal to the amount paid by them in advance on both of the old papers. For the present the Hon. J. S. Rutan will have charge of the political department of the new paper, and J. Weyand will be its business manager.—*Argus.*

SUCH CONSISTENCY.

The editor of the Harrisburg *Patriot* is capable of performing extraordinary feats. He is a Democratic Salary Grabber of the most marked stripe, who was not content to advocate the measure for the sake of others, and forego the swag himself in order to show the sincerity and disinterestedness of his support, but his zeal in the cause was so great as to compel him to receive his back pay, that he might not only teach by precept but example. This political performer on the trapeze, with his pockets thus well lined, now performs daily at dizzy hights all manner of astonishing twists and turns upon the swag swing. This Salary Grabber says in one of his daring flights through the air, that "the Salary Grab resolution of the Democratic platform places the Democracy a length a head of the Republicans in denunciation of back pay, and will unquestionably have the effect of electing the Democratic ticket." But few Salary Grabbers have the courage and agility to equal the above feat. The resolution referred to, denounces the back pay and increase of salaries, and brands those who voted for the money and received it, as well as those who accepted the pay, but voted against the measure, as committing acts unjust and unjustifiable.

The editor of the *Patriot* with the swag in his pocket and the above brand of the Democratic Convention on his forehead, says that the salary back pay resolution will have the effect to elect the Democratic ticket. Will not the people see through such thin deceit. The *Patriot* is the bright luminary in the Democratic sky, and if its editor can talk both ways at different times and say and do one thing in private and quite another in public through his paper, what will the people think of such a procedure? What faith can honest voters have in the sincerity of the Democratic party in adopting and advocating the salary grab resolution, when the leaders of the party profess and practice contrary to its sentiments. We fail to see, however, how the Democrats are put a length ahead of the Republicans in denunciation of back pay and increase of salaries, and certainly they are far behind in ability to fulfill their promises. In the first place their own party is divided in this State on this question, and a very strong effort by the prominent leaders was made to prevent the Democratic Committee from committing itself in opposition to the measure. That opposition is not conquered, it was overborne, but still lives, and is powerful in the Democratic party. When the measure comes up again in Congress next Winter, will the Democratic Members vote the increase of salaries down to the old figures again? We shall see. Whoever votes the Democratic party up in order to vote down back pay and increase of salaries, will throw his vote away and regret it in the end.

ECONOMY OF EDUCATION.

From a recent investigation made in the office of the Commissioner of Education, at Washington, in regard to the relation of postal and revenue receipts, and the number of patents issued, to the illiteracy in different sections of the country, we gather the following interesting facts in favor of common schools and universal education.

The number of patents issued to the inhabitants of Arkansas was one to every 37,267 persons, while in Connecticut there was one patent issued to every 966 persons. In Arkansas there are sixteen adults unable to write to every one hundred inhabitants; in Connecticut there are four adults unable to write to every one hundred inhabitants. In Arkansas the receipts of internal revenue were twenty-six cents and nine mills per capita; in Connecticut the receipts were two dollars and fifty-four cents per capita. In Arkansas there resulted during the postal year of 1870–'71, to the Post Office Department a dead loss of over forty-nine cents for each inhabitant of the State, a loss in amount almost double the internal revenue receipts from the State. In Connecticut there accrued a net profit to the Post Office Department of twenty-six cents per capita. In Florida there are twenty-three adults unable to write to every one hundred inhabitants. In that State one patent was issued to every 31,291 inhabitants, or only six in the entire State. The internal revenue collected amounted to sixty-four cents per capita (of the entire population.) From that State the Post Office Department suffered a loss of ninety-two cents per capita. Contrast this with California, where the number of patents issued was one to every 2,422 inhabitants, and the amount of internal revenue collected was six dollars and forty-three cents per capita. There was a loss to the Post Office Department of one dollar and a half per capita, but this deficit is accounted for in part by the long lines of transportation, to the cost of which the thinly-settled intervening sections do not greatly contribute. But in California there are only four adults unable to write to every one hundred of the inhabitants.

In Tennessee twelve adults are unable to read and write to every one hundred of the inhabitants, and the State pays internal revenue at the rate of sixty-nine cents per capita, while Ohio, in which there are four illiterate adults to every one hundred inhabitants pays five dollars and sixty-eight cents internal revenue per capita.

In Massachusetts there are three adult illiterate persons out of every one hundred inhabitants, the excess of Post Office receipts above expenditures was over $375,000.

No Republican in the party in this county deserves more from the party than our candidate for County Commissioner, G. W. Shrades. For fifteen years he has been one of the most devoted, earnest, hard-working, members of his party, and for the first time is before the people as a candidate for office. The Republicans of the county owe him a debt of gratitude which can only be discharged by the earnest efforts of every true Republican to put him ahead of the ticket in every township. We hope our friends will not neglect this.

THE Texans are bitter against railroad monopolies, and in this respect are said to excel the citizens of any of the other States. This feeling is remarkable, as Texas has comparatively few railroads and sparse population, the former causing the want of them to be felt, but the later making their construction almost impossible. The anti-railroad feeling must be deep-seated, when it exists under such adverse conditions.

THE Berks and Schuylkill *Journal* of September 6th, says in regard to the Crawford County system: The Lancaster Republican County Convention which met in Lancaster on Monday, by a vote of 164 to 46 recommended the abolition of the Crawford county system, and appointed a committee to devise new rules, to be reported to an adjourned meeting, to be called by the President after the October election.

THE State debt under State Treasurer Mackey's management has been reduced, during the last month, five hundred thousand dollars, which is one of the strongest arguments in favor of his election. A reduction of the State debt means less taxes, and whosoever can reduce steadily the debt is the right man in the right place, and so the people will say next October.

THE Constitutional Convention will reassemble in Philadelphia on Tuesday morning the 16th inst. The first business for the Convention to do will be the election of a presiding officer in place of Hon. Wm. M. Meredith, deceased. Also another delegate to succeed him as a member of the Convention, will have to be chosen by the Republicans.

POLITICAL NOTES.

JUDGE ACHESON was not present at Court last week, owing to his recent illness. The Associate Judges held the Court until Friday evening, and disposed of a large number of criminal cases. Beaver county is blessed with capable Associate Judges, as the people have reason to know and appreciate. If the new constitution is adopted, Beaver must be a separate district, because Washington will constitute one, Butler and Lawrence one, and Beaver, of necessity one. This is both right aud necessary, in view of the feeble health of our President Judge. Beaver county is also growing rapidly and business multiplying still more rapidly, so as to require this change.

DANIEL ERMENTROUT, ESQ., a lawyer of Reading, Berks county, will succeed Hon. J. Depuy Davis in the State Senate. Davis withdrew from the canvass, owing to the unexpected interference of Hon. Heister Clymer, member of Congress from that district, and the feeling in favor of rotation in office, which prevails with the unterrified in that Democratic stronghold. Senator Davis was three times elected to the Senate, and maintained throughout his entire term of service an unquestionable reputation for ability and integrity. Although a bitter Democrat and a bold outspoken leader, Republican Senators admired him for his candor and integrity of purpose, and there is not one but will hear of his retirement with regret.

IRWIN, of Centre, has been nominated for Senate by the Republicans of the Huntingdon Senatorial district. If the Democrats nominate Petriken, as it is thought they will, Irwin will have a walk over.

AFTER nine years' service in the Senate, Hon. W. M. Randall, of Schuylkill county, has been retired by the Democrats. This is ungrateful in view of his services for the party, but gratitude is not one of the virtues of the Great Unwashed!

THE Pittsburgh *Evening Telegraph* is steadily gaining in popularity and influence. It is justly regarded as one of the best afternoon papers in the United States, and the Republicans of Western Pennsylvania should be proud of this fact, and sustain it as such an organ deserves to be sustained.

HON. DAVID A. NAGLE was honored by the Democrats of the Third District of Philadelphia by a unanimous re-nomination for a third term. He is a gentleman, and if the district is to be represented by a Democrat, then Nagle is just the man Republicans would be gratified to see elected.

THE Republicans of Bradford county honored themselves and the party throughout the State by unanimously re-nominating Hon. James H. Webb for Assembly. Mr. Webb served five years in the House, was Speaker for one term, and enjoyed a reputation for ability, firmness and strict integrity among men of all parties. It is not probable he will be a candidate for Speaker, especially if Mr. Myers is, but if he should be his experience and high character would make him formidable against any candidate that could be named.

HON. JOHN A. BINGHAM has reached the Pacific coast on his way to Japan, and it is to be hoped the malicious clamor of a certain portion of the press will follow him no further. He did wrong in voting for the salary grab, but it is one wrong act in sixteen years of distinguished public service, and for this reason should be both forgiven and forgotten. He is the ablest and most deserving Republican holding a foreign appointment, and having a record and a reputation that will reflect honor on his country for generations to come, he can well afford to disregard the clamor of the hour. Health and prosperity go with him!

POLITICAL.

—The Republican Conference for the Huntingdon Senatorial district met at Tyrone on Thursday, and nominated John Irvin, Jr. of Bellefonte, for Senator.

—The Republicans of Somerset county intend opening the fall campaign with a mass meeting, at the Court House, in Somerset, on Tuesday evening, September 9th.

—The people of Connecticut will decide by ballot, on the first Monday in October, whether they will in the future be content to have Hartford their sole Capital or not.

—The political out-look for Jefferson county was never better than now. The Republicans are fortunate in having a good, strong ticket, and with an active campaign a glorious victory will surely crown their efforts.

—Dr. Andrew Nebinger, of Philadelphia, has been appointed Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee. The first meeting of the committee takes place Thursday afternoon, at the Logan House, Altoona.

—The Reading *Times* says; All is not lovely and peaceful with the Democracy of Berks. Large numbers are dissatisfied with some of the nominations made on Monday, and many threaten to vote with the Republicans this Fall or not vote at all.

—Gen. E. A. Wilson, the Republican nominee for Controller of the Treasury of Ohio, is a son-in-law of the late Hon. A. J. Cline, formerly of Hollidaysburg. General Wilson at one time published what was then the Blair County *Whig*, now the *Radical*.

—The Republicans of Bedford county, Pa., opened the campaign with a rousing meeting in Bedford on the evening of the 26th. Hon. R. Stockett Mathews, of Baltimore, and Hon T. R. Hazzard, of Washington county, were the principal speakers.

—The Republicans of Bradford county held their county convention on Tuesday last and nominated the following ticket; Assembly—E. R. Myer, James H. Webb; Associate Judge—J. W. Ingham; Treasurer—Matt. Marshall; Commissioner—Abram Snell, Jury Commissioner—B. F. Knapp; Auditor—E. R. DeLong.

—In the Democratic convention of Berks county on Monday, September 1st, Daniel Emertrout, Esq., was nominated for State Senator on the first ballot, receiving 125 out of 165 votes. The present incumbent J. DePuy Davis, Esq., withdrew from the contest on the same morning.

—The Temperance ticket put in nomination by the zealous temperance men of Allegheny county was set up on the principle that office should seek men, and not men office; for the names of a number of men on the ticket were used without their knowledge and consent, and we expect to hear of one and another of them respectfully declining, until the number on the ticket has grown beautifully less, and names stand far apart.

—The following are the Delaware county nominations: Senate—Thomas V. Cooper; Assembly—O. Flagg Bullard; Register and Recorder—J. C. Berstler; County Treasurer—Albin Baldwin; Commissioner—Elias Baker; Jury Commissioner—George Yarnall; Director of the Poor—Jesse Hibberd; Auditor—Daniel James; County Surveyor—Joseph Taylor.

—The following is the ticket nominated by the Republicans of Centre county: For Senate—John Irwin, Jr., subject to the decision of the district conferees; Assembly—Levi A. Miller; Treasurer—Col. George A. Bayard; Commissioner—Samuel Gramley; Jury Commissioner—Benjamin Ligget; Auditors—Dr. J. M Blair, 2 years, Andrew Gregg, 3 years.

—The Democratic State Convention of Texas, met at Austin, September the 6th, and nominated the following ticket: For Governor—Richard Coke, of Waco; Lieutenant Governor—R. B. Hubbard; Comptroller—Stephen H. Carden, of Rockport; Treasurer—A. J. Dorn, of Benham; Commissioner of Land Office—J. J. Gross, of New Brannfels; Superintendent of Education—O. N. Hollingsworth, of Sequin.

—The Republicans of Chester county have made the following nominations: Senate—Thomas V. Cooper; Assembly—E. W. Bailey and Peter G. Carey; County Treasurer—Jesse E. Phillips; County Commissioner—John Irey; Jury Commissioner—Washington Haggerty; Director of the Poor—William H. Dallett; Auditor—Isaac Spackman.

—The Republican County Convention of Cuyahoga county met in Cleveland, September 6th, and nominated the following ticket: Senators—William Bingham and C. W. Curtiss; Representatives—O. T. Hodge, T. F. Threnbalch, J. M. Cooles, H. M. Chapman and C. H. Babcock; Judge of Common Pleas—Darius Caldwell; Auditor—W. S. Jones; Treasurer—T. W. Dillon, Recorder—E. H. Bohm; Prosecuting Attorney—Wm. Robinson; Coroner—J. Clark Miller.

—The Republicans of Bucks county last week nominated the following ticket: Senator—Samuel F. Long; Assembly—Dr. A. H. Clayton, Henry Kratz; Associate Judge—Isaac B. Twining; District Attorney—Alfred Fackenthall; County Commissioner—Levi L. Jackoby; Jury Commissioner—Jacob Van Buskirk; Treasurer—Isaacc H. Worstall; Auditor—A. K. Wambold; Director of the Poor—Charles Fellman.

—Parson Brownlow has a programme for the canvass in Tennessee. In a letter to Ex-Senator H. S. Foote he says: "I understand that some of the Rip Van Winkle Democrats, who have not learned that slavery is abolished, and the Democratic party dead, desire to run Col. Jefferson Davis, of Memphis, for Governor of Tennessee. I hope they will do so, and I believe Davis wants to make the race. In that event, I hope to see you take the field as a candidate." Let the battle proceed:

—The Hollidaysburg *Register* says: Never was there more unanimity in the ranks of our party, in this State and county, than at the present time. Mr. Mackey has been Treasurer for three years, and has managed our finances in an admirable manner; and Judge Gordon is one of the purest and ablest jurists in the State, and his nomination gives universal satisfaction. The election of our State ticket is secure by a majority of not less than thirty-five thousand. Judging by the feeling of satisfaction that we hear expressed from all parts of our county, in regard to each candidate—and by the way, we never had a better or more unexceptionable ticket—the lowest man on it will not fall short of 750 majority at the polls. Republicans, burnish up your arms, and make ready for the glorious victory that awaits you on the second Tuesday of October.

—The State *Journal* says: The Democracy of Berks county, at their late convention, passed the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Berks rejoice to see the farmers all over the country organizing, as a class, in opposition to the oppression of monopolies and the frauds of speculators; and that we hail this as a dawn of return to the sound and safe principles of free government announced by Thomas Jefferson in his first inaugural.

Frank M. Hutchinson and his father-in-law, George W. Cass, are the associates in interests of the men who control the railroad monopolies of the West, which have for years been plundering the farmers of that region, and against whom the granges are all organized. The Democrat who believes in the justice of the Berks county resolution quoted above, cannot vote for Mr. Hutchinson, and if the farmers of that county know the fact stated herein they would most asuredly repudiate Mr. Hutchinson as a candidate for State Treasurer.

LOCAL ITEMS.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The Beaver Radical is the most extensively circulated Weekly Newspaper in Western Pennsylvania.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad.
Going West—Mail, 7,46 a. m; Accommodation 6,10 p. m.
Going East—Accommodation, 9,19 a. m; Mail, 2,21 p. m; Express, 9,07 p. m.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.
Western mail leaves at 6.45 a.m.; arrives at 3 p.m.
Eastern mail leaves at 2 p. m.; arrives at 8 a.m.

E. Steinfeld, the clothier, corner Broadway and Lock Sts., New Brighton.

Mrs. Mary Ann Calhoun has sold her house in Hookstown for $1200 to Mr. Marshall Campbell, of Raccoon township. Mrs Calhoun will move to Allegheny city.

Fancy Shoes of all kinds at Hertzog and Beam's.

A Twenty-five Barrel Oil Well has been obtained in Bradford township, McKean county, at the depth of 1,140 feet. This opens up more oil territory and the land contiguous to the well is being rapidly purchased by oil speculators.

Hartzog & Beam, manufacturers and dealers in Fancy Boots, Shoes and Gaiters. Orders from all parts of the county filled on short notice and reasonable prices.

Two entire new two Horse Wagons, for sale at Speyerer & Son's. feb21-tf.

Willie Oyler, the crippled thief, whom without being constantly watched, iron doors, bars, and stone walls could not confine, but who was let out on $500 bail for his appearance at our September Court, was under arrest at Pittsburgh for thieft at the time he should have appeared here and his case was continued over.

The cheapest clothing store in the county is R. Steinfeld's, New Brighton.

The Fall trade is about to begin and R. Steinfeld will have a splendid stock of clothes of all kinds and ready made clothing for boys and men all of which he proposes to sell low. Call and see him.

Wm. McDonald, Esq., the well known farmer and lumber dealer, who lives opposite Legionville Station, and who is an old and esteemed resident of this county, will on the 18th inst. dispose of a large number of horses, cows and farming utensils, preperatory to taking up his abode in the "smoky city."

J. Snellenburg goes east to-day; will be gone two weeks, procuring the largest stock of clothing, &c., ever brought to Beaver county. Be on the look-out for the grand opening about the middle of September.

Boots and shoes for ladies, gentlemen and children, at Hertzog & Beams, New Brighton.

We learn that a gentleman, hailing from the vicinity of New Brighton, while "making change" at the toll bridge in Bridgewater on last Friday night, suddenly became aware of the fact that his cash account had, in some unaccountable manner, been diminished to the tune of about fifty dollars, and that all his efforts to recover the same have thus far proved unavailing.—*Argus.*

Wanted.—John H. Ewing, of Shippingport, Pa., is now buying WOOL, paying the highest prices. He wants all he can get. jy18tf

For a neat and substantial Boot, Shoe or Gaiter go the cheap store of John Kennedy & Co., Beaver Falls. They have the largest, best and cheapest stock in Beaver county, and can suit you if anybody can.

Andy McDonald's saddlery and harness shop and ware room is worth visiting. His space is limited but it is well filled with everything in his line. He has just received a large stock of whips, and lashes of all kinds. His business is brisk and he is compelled to employ a number of workmen to fill his constantly increasing orders. Remember, A. McDonald makes better saddles, harness, bridles and other work in his line, than can be found elsewhere in the county.

Boots and Shoes at Hertzog & Beam's, New Brighton. These gentlemen keep on hand a large assortment of goods in their trade and sell them at the most reasonable rates. They take delight in showing their boots and shoes, and are not afraid of comparing them as to quality, style and prices with those of any other store or manufacturer.

Beaver County's First Prisoner.—In a conversation a few days ago with a gentleman who lived in Beaver at the time the county was organized (in 1803) he informed us that although but a mere child he remembered distinctly the building of the first jail and the appearance of the first prisoner in the county. The jail was constructed of oak slabs, and from his account of it, such a genius as Willie Oyler would not have roosted in it twenty minutes. The name of the first prisoner was Thatcher, and he was incarcerated for debt. Mr. T. has descendents still living in the county, and as his imprisonment was the result of misfortune, and not crime, they need not blush at the recital of the above bit of local history.—*Argus.*

John Kennedy & Co., of Beaver Falls, are doing a large business in the boot and shoe trade. Their wholesale trade, already large, is certainly increasing, and their facilities for manufacturing boots and shoes are such that they defy competition. They keep constantly on hand a splendid stock of gentlemen and ladies wear of all styles, prices and sizes, also boys and girls boots and shoes. Boots and shoes made to order from the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction. Call and examine their stock and leave your orders. aug15-tf

Maginnis' Persian Oleine is undoubtedly the best known remedy for Cholera-morbus, Cramps, Diarrhœa and Dysentary. For sale by Druggists, Dealers and Agents. Price 50 cents.

Burglary.—Thursday evening of last week about midnight, two burglars entered Thomas M. McCreery's house in Beaver, by prying off the shutters of one of the back windows and going in through the window. Mr. McCreery's large watch dog, which was in the house at the time, neither barked nor disputed the entrance, but slept while the thieves were at their work. Having made an entrance, they unlocked the front and back doors, as is supposed, and then proceeded to pack up in baskets several articles of solid and plated silver ware, together with a ham and two loaves of bread. There were two baskets which were placed in the hall near the foot of the stairs. The articles were brought from the adjoining dining room and carried to the baskets by one while the other with pistol in hand guarded the stairs. The inmates of the house slept up stairs, and Mr. J. M. McCreery being restless, happened to awake, either accidentally or by hearing some noise just at the time when the burglars probably were almost ready to depart. He first thought that there was something wrong about the lamp which was left burning as usual in the hall, but on getting up and going to the door discovered nothing and went back to bed. In a short time he again noticed that the light which shone under his door varied, and he then supposed that one of his sisters had gone down stairs and to satisfy himself went to their bed-room door to see and found it locked. His apprehensions were then fully roused and he judged that there was somebody down stairs that had no business there. Getting his revolver, he again went into the hall up stairs, and leaning over the railing of the stairs, discovered the two men in the act at the baskets, but in leaning over he made some noise which attracted the attention of the men, one of whom immediately shot, the ball clipping a curl from the head of Mr. McCreery. Mr. McCreery returned the fire, the thieves fled, one of them dropping the lamp, which fortunately did not explode. Mr. McCreery followed and several shots were exchanged in the darkness, but no one was injured, the thieves making their escape, one by the front door, the other by the back. The pistol reports, however, were heard by the neighbors and soon a number of them came running in to see what was the matter. The silver ware was packed in baskets, besides a ham and some bread, and if the robbers had had a few minutes more would probably have got away with them. Some of the articles which had been collected made the robbery a bold undertaking, for being marked, they might have been easily traced and by that means the burglars detected. What means have been taken to discover the burglars we do not know, but it is to be hoped that they may be arrested and punished to the full extent of the law. Burglaries are becoming common and vigorous measures are needed to protect the community against them.

Personal.—Joe Snellenburg, of the well known and reliable firm of S. & J. Snellenburg, popular clothers and merchant tailors, of New Brighton, is now in the east where he intends remaining a few weeks for the purpose of purchasing a very large, new and complete stock of ready made clothing, also a complete line of Cloths, Kerseys, Cassimeres, Diagonels, Trecoes, Meltons and Jeans. Also English goods, Fustians, Corduroys and Moleskin. Mr. Snellenburg's long and practical experience in the clothing business enables him to select the very best material, while his business capacity ensures purchases at low figures, knowing as he does that by buying largely the best rates are secured. He intends buying the largest stock ever brought to the county, and will sell lower than any house west of Philadelphia. Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises of every variety, also underwear and Hoisery. Coats, Pants, Vests or whole suits made to order or any desired material and fits guaranteed. Come one, come all. Grand opening September 10 to 25. For further particulars see New Brighton *Illustrated News* published monthly by S. & J. Snellenburg.

A destructive fire occurred in New Castle on Monday evening about 9 o'clock. It broke out in the stable in the rear of the Knox House. By super human efforts of the citizens the fire was confined in the direction of Boyles' buildings and the Neshennock, by saving Mrs. McKee's house which is just across the alley from the barn. The house was on fire several times and was saved almost by a miracle. North of the stable was the frame store of A. Fisher, which was consumed, and from which fire was communicated to the frame store rooms of George Anderson, A. Cubbison & Son, R. P. Cubbison and Mr. McNair. In an other direction the fire swept down the Knox House, the stores of J. N. Euwer & Sons, A. Gilliland & Dunn, and McGown, brick buildings. On the opposite of Mill street, old Town Hall was several times on fire, and it was feared that the entire nest of wooden buildings in that section would have to go, but they were saved in a damaged condition. The property destroyed was mostly covered by insurance and in a year or so probably the burnt district will be restored with finer buildings than covered it before.

Sponge Cake.—To the yolks of six eggs, well beaten, add three-quarter lb. of white sugar, juice of one lemon, one-half lb. of flour, having in it one measure of Banner Baking Powder, and the whites of six eggs, beaten very stiff.

Each can of the Banner Baking Powder contains a full measure, to be used even full, according to printed directions. If you cannot obtain this very valuable article from your grocer, send twenty-five cents by mail, addressed to Banner Baking Powder, P. O. Lock Box. 317, Pittsburgh, Pa., and you will receive, postage paid, a quarter pound package, together with a list of fifty valuable recipes.

We are indebted to G. L. Chapman for Nebraska papers of recent date.

Court Proceedings.—The Court of Quarter Sessions, which was in session last week, transacted a large amount of business. Judge Lowrence, in the absence of the President Judge, charged the Grand Jury, after which the following cases were disposed of:

Commonwealth vs Jacob Coblenz. Indictment, conspiring to defraud. Verdict guilty.

Same vs David Anderson and Chas. Hanable. Indictment, nuisance. True bill. Case continued.

Same vs Wm. Oyler. Indictment larceny. Case continued.

Same vs Henry Stewart. Indictment assault and battery. True bill. Defendant pleaded guilty and sentenced to pay costs, and a fine of $10.

Same vs David Corby. Indictment, aggravated assault and battery. Ignoramus, and prosecutor, James Hare, to pay the costs.

Same vs Enoch Fields. Indictment, assault and battery. Ignoramus and prosecutor, J. L. Welsh, to pay the costs.

Same vs Samuel McCullough. Indictment, forcible entry. Ignoramus and county to pay the costs.

Same vs Ink. Indictment, selling liquor on election day. Ignoramus and county to pay the costs.

Same vs Charles Ink. Indictment, selling liquor on Sunday. Ignoramus and county to pay costs.

Same vs Patrick Lynch. Indictment, robbery. True bill.

Same vs James O. Hare. Indictment, assault and battery. True bill. Verdict guilty.

Same vs Weisgarber. Indictment, selling liquor contrary to the law. True bill.

Same vs Casper Weitesell. Indictment, selling liquor without license. True bill.

Same vs James Roney. Indictment, selling liquor without license. True bill.

Same vs James Merriman. Indictment, selling liquor without license. True bill.

Same vs Harrison Campbell. Indictment, seduction and bastardy. True bill.

Same vs John Boswell. Indictment, selling liquor contrary to the law. True bill.

Same vs Peter Coppersmith. Indictment, seduction and bastardy. True bill.

Same vs John Lee. Charge, desertion, on oath of Elizabeth Lee. Discontinued—parties agreeing to live together. Defendant to pay the costs.

Same vs James Merriman. Indictment selling liquor without license. True bill. Defendant pleads guilty.

Same vs F G Rohrkaste. Indictment. selling liquor without license. True bill. Defendant pleads guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and cost of prosecution.

Same against vs Charles Hath. Indictment, selling liquor without license. True bill, verdict guilty,

Same against James Merryman. Indictment, selling liquor to miners. True bill. The court allow a *nolle prosequi* in this case, on payment of costs by defendant.

Same against Samuel Hannan. Indictment, selling liquor contrary to law. True bill. Defendant pleads guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs of prosecution.

Same against James Hays. Indictment, selling liquor contrary to law. True bill. Defendant pleads guilty.

Same against James Hays Indictment, selling liquor on Sunday. Ignoramus.

Same against John F Muller. Indictment, selling liquor contrary to law. True bill. Jury sworn. Special verdict rendered.

Same against John F Muller. Indictment, selling liquor to men of known intemperate habits. True bill verdict not guilty. Defendant pay costs of prosecution.

Same against Peter Kleer. Indictment, selling liquor to miners. True bill. Defendant pleads guilty.

Same against William Tupper. Indictment, selling liquor on Sunday. Ignoramus.

Same vs Peter Kleer. Indictment, selling liquor without license. True bill. Defendant pleads guilty.

Same vs Charles Brobeck. Indictment, selling liquor without license. Ignoramus.

Same vs Lucy Johnson. Indictment, selling liquor without license. True bill. Verdict guilty as to selling cider, but not guilty as to selling other liquors.

Same vs William Tupper. Indictment, selling liquor contrary to law. True bill. Defendant pleads guilty.

Same vs William Beuchler. Indictment, selling liquor without license. True bill. Continued, and defendant directed to enter into recognizance in the sum of $100.

Same vs Jacob Erb. Indictment, selling liquor contrary to law. True bill. Defendants pleads guilty.

Same vs Peter Wilging. Charge, surety of the peace. *Nolle Prosequi* entered.

Same vs William Harrison. Indictment, assault with intent to commit a rape. Continued till next term, and defendant directed to enter into recognizance in the sum of $1,000.

Same vs J. D. Coffin. Indictment, selling liquor contrary to law. True bill. Defendant pleads guilty.

Same vs J D Coffin. Indictment, selling liquor to men of known imtemperate habits. True bill. Defendant pleads guilty.

Fall Styles for 1873 are all out at Bence's, Beaver. 3t

Meeting of the Republican County Committee.—There will be a meeting of the Republican County Committee at the Court House in Beaver on Saturday the 13th inst., at 1 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

GEO. W. HAMILTON, Chairman.
SMITH CURTIS, Sec'y.

The following persons compose the Committee:

Big Beaver—James Patterson, James Dillon.
Beaver boro—Geo W Hamilton, John C Hart.
Borough twp—William C Fisher.
Bridgewater boro—Samuel Moorhead, Scudder H Darragh.
Brighton twp—Andrew Watterson, Sr.
Baden boro—L I Berry.
Beaver Falls—D A Duncle, James A Russell, Christian Moulter, Frederick Rohrkaste.
Chippewa twp—Samuel E Walton.
Darlington twp—Samuel Moody, W C Shurlock, substitute.
Economy twp—Samuel McManamy.
Fallston—Geo M Fields.
Franklin twp—Joseph Phillis.
Freedom boro—W W Keer.
Freedom dist— ——
Frankfort dist—David Anderson, Wm Ewing.
Glasgow boro—Marshall Dawson.
Green twp—J H Trimble, substitute, Jackson Swearingin, F S Laughlin.
Georgetown—Smith Curtis.
Hopewell twp—R W Scott, David E McCallister.
Independence—Alex Gibb.
Industry—S B Briggs.
Marion—Edward Coleman.
McGuire dist—Joseph M Whitehill.
Moon—John M Baker.
New Brighton—North Ward—Geo S Barker, N D Cone; Middle Ward—John C Boyle, C F Winter; South Ward—J F Miner, D R Corbus.
New Sewickly twp—Geo H Coleman, Christian Goehring.
North Sewickly twp—James Warnock.
New Galilee—J S Hudson.
Ohio twp—Clark A Hunter. S B Dawson.
Patterson twp—D O C Patterson.
Phillipsburg boro—Frederick Hogan.
Pulaski twp—Thomas Ferguson.
Raccoon twp—Joseph Campbell, Geo Rambo.
Rochester—W S Shallenberger, H J Speyerer, S R Campbell
Rychester twp—Oliver Moulter.
South Beaver—Samuel Mitchell, Joseph Johnson.
St Clair—J Paul.

As the purchase of a Sewing Machine is of may be an act for a life-time, care should be taken in selecting one that time and use have proven to be the best. Time tries all things. "Use only furnishes the final test." Opinions of the skillful may be of value, but time is needed to confirm them. While the Singer Sewing Machine Company has given the public the finest fruits of inventive genius, they have guarded it from a multitude of traps. Attachments have been added for various purposes, but it has kept free from all useless complications. Simplicity of parts, and adaptation to the widest range of work has been the constant aim.

Instead of boasting of a variety of useless stitches and movements, it claims to make but One Kind of Stitch, and that with the Fewest Movements Possible. Hence the Machine may run constantly for twenty years, or a life-time, and work just as well as when new.

R. STRAW & Co., No. 10 Sixth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. aprils3-3m

New Mode of Producing Gas.—One of the most recent inventions for producing illuminating gas is that known as the Kromschroder process, just applied, successfully, in the town of Great Barlow, England. It consists in simply passing air through the vapor of a light hydrocarbon, the two combining in a gas of high illuminating power. The apparatus for this purpose is erected in the gas works of the town, and consists of a sheet iron chamber five feet long, four feet wide and three feet six inches high, the lower portion being two feet wider than the upper part for a height of about twelve inches. In the upper chamber is placed a valve arrangement driven by clock-works, and by which the atmospheric air is forced into the lower or enlarged portion. Here it is made to pass through a mass of open fibrous material, the lower part of which is kept immersed in a liquid hydrocarbon. The air in its passage combines with the vapor of the hydrocarbon in the proportion of seventy parts of air to thirty of the vapor. In this condition the gas—for such it has now become—is conducted from the mingling chamber by a pipe into a receiver, capable of containing one hundred cubic feet of the gas. As soon as this receiver is filled, its contents are discharged into the gas holder formerly used for the storage of coal-gas. The intermediate receiver is used because the incorporating apparatus, although equal to producing the required quantity of gas, does not give sufficient pressure to lift the large holder, which is thirty feet in diameter.

Mr. G. Doak, of Industry township, on Monday, September 1st, lost two good horses by lightning. The storm came up in the morning, and the elective flash was severe The loss to Mr. Doak is heavy and much to be regretted.

The talented Miss Cecilia P. Cleveland, niece of the late Horace Greeley, is engaged in writing a book, to be called "Journal Leaves from Chappaqua." The book will contain much fresh matter concerning the lamented Horace Greeley, his wife and children, as well as brief sketches of other immediate members of his family. The book will be ready for publication early this autumn—Miss Cleveland is spending the summer at the Greeley homestead at Chappaqua with her cousins. She is a sprightly, interesting writer.

The New Castle *Courant* says: The Eighth Annual meeting of the Roundhead Society will be held at Harlansburg, this county, on Wednesday, September 17, 1873. A general invitation is given to all soldiers and citizens to meet with us. There will be a grand pic-nic. Turn out and have a good time. Rev. Dr. Browne, Col. D. Leasure and others will address the meeting.

Fall Millinery, Hats, Bonnets, Flowers, Ribbons, &c., at Bence's Beaver. All styles out. 3t

The Washington *Review and Examiner* says: Dr. Beatty, of Steubenville, Ohio, has made a deed to the congregation of the old First Presbyterian church of that place, giving them, free of expense, that property, and a paid up insurance policy on the same for five years, and also $250 towards supplying the church with a minister. The congregation has extended a unanimous call to Rev. Thomas Vincent Milligan, of Waynesburg, to become their pastor.

—On Tuesday of last week, the Pigeon Creek congregation celebrated the ninety-eighth anniversary of the first sermon preached at that place by Rev. John Mc Millan, and the fiftieth anniversary of the establishment of a Sabbath school. Addresses were made by Rev. Geo. P. Hays, D. D., Rev. S. M. Henderson, Rev. J. Barr, Rev. D. Littell, Rev. John Kerr, Rev. B. M. Kerr. The occasion was a very pleasant one.

—Alexander McCarrel Patch, of Houstonville, who received the appointment to the West Point Military Academy, left for that place a few days since.

—The McClelland brothers, of North Strabane township, this county, have sold 8,000 pounds of wool, being the product of their flock the present season.

—The Morgantown, W. Va., fair will be held on the 1st, 2d and 3d days of October. The best trotting premium is $250.

—The camp meeting in progress at Bentleysville is one of the most successful ever held upon that ground. On Sabbath last not less than five thousand persons were in attendance and much religious interest felt.

Items from the Washington *Advance* of September 4th: The Cumberland Presbyterian church building in this place was sold on last Saturday, for $4,560.

—The grocery of A. T. Baird of this place, was robbed on last Friday afternoon of about $3,50 during his temporary absence.

—Matthew White, of Cecil township, had a valuable cow killed by lightning during the storm on last Monday week.

—During the heavy storm on last Monday week, Abel Cary, of Ruff's Creek, had a rick of oats struck by lightning and burned to the ground.

—Rev. E. K. Squires, of Pittsburgh, delivered the Baccalaurate Sermon before the graduating class of Waynesburg College, on last Sabbath evening.

—Dr. Thomas H. Weirich, has located in Wellsburg, W. Va., where he is meeting with great success in his chosen profession.

—A wild cat has been disturbing the peace of some of the denizens on Bates' Fork or Ten Mile creek in Greene county.

—The largest boat ever built on the Monongahela river is being constructed at Bellevernon. It is 265 feet long, 50 feet wide and 8 feet in hold.

—Wm. Hornish, Esq., purchased the late residence of Prof. Wilson, adjoining this borough for $1,900 a few days ago.

—The residence of W. J. Cool, of Florence, was destroyed by fire on the morning of the 24th inst. The fire originated accidentally. The greater portion of the contents of the house was saved. No insurance.

—Misses Fanny E. Dougan and Jennie C. Rogers, of this place, left for Uniontown a few days ago to teach in the Orphans' School at that place.

—The residence of Mrs. Black, in Canonsburg, caught fire a few days ago, but by the prompt arrival of the "water brigade" the fire was extinguished before much damage was done.

—We learn that A. B. McCoy, of Canonsburg, has sold his house and lot in that place for $3,660 to Wm. Martin, of North Strabane township.

John B. Jamison, proprietor of the Jamison farm, on which a portion of the town of Petrolia is situated, committed suicide August 29th. The unfortunate man seems to have been insane and imagined that he was becoming poor.

Geo. W. Kneiss, late Register and Recorder of Butler county, died on Saturday the 30th of August. He had acquired the reputation of being an honest, modest and upright citizen, and his loss will be felt by a large circle of friends.

The State Fair.—One of the notable events of the year, is to take place at Erie, on the 30th of September. At the most propitious season of our usually bright autumns, the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society will hold its Annual Exhibition. The display gives fruitful promise that it will be one of the very best ever held under the auspices of the Society. The entries are free to all the world, and the Society has wisely determined that the books of entries shall close a week before the opening, that a complete arrangement may be made of the entries offered for prizes. The time is at that period in which clear, good weather may almost be counted a certainty. The premiums upon many articles have been considerably increased, and the list much enlarged. The arrangements for meetings each evening of the Fair are a new and excellent feature. In these meetings farmers may learn from one another, to the benefit of the great economical interests which the Society is so anxious to foster. A very large display of improved farm stock will be on exhibition—of fine horses and samples of all the best breeds of horned cattle—while the turn out in such a hive of industry as Erie, of manufactured articles useful as machinery, or as aids to the farmer, is certain to be worthy of attention. So many assurances in these respects have been given, that we feel confident in stating, that the display in these departments will be entirely satisfactory. The officers are now at Erie, the books of entry open, and all applications for space in person or by letter will receive prompt attention from them.

Mr. Joseph Hall's pony ran off on Thursday of last week while being driven by Mr. Hall, by the Diamond near the National. Mr. Hall, in endeavoring to jump out of the wagon, was whirled about and fell heavily, breaking one of the bones of his right arm and badly spraining the left wrist. The pony did some swift running, but little damage otherwise save the above injury. Drs. Lawrence reduced the fractured arm, and the patient is improving.

A Good Dinner.—Our readers should know that the place to get a most excellent meal, when in the city, at a reasonable cost, is at Caperton's Dining Rooms, No. 60 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Go to Bence's Millinery and Trimming Store, Third Street, Beaver, for new goods. All the latest styles are out. 3t

New Fall Hats, Bonnetts, Ribbons, Feathers, Plumes, &c., all the new styles, at Bence's, Beaver. 3t

The citizens of New Castle are particularly unfortunate in the matter of a steam fire engine. They ordered one of a Mr. Button, which was expected in New Castle some five weeks ago, and had it arrived on time might have saved the property lost by the late fire. It is aggravating, but we have kept reminding them about that engine and the delay is not our fault.

Since writing the above we understand that the engine has not only arrived, but but has been out on trial. Long may it spout!

Miss Florence Cronise, of Tiffin, Ohio, was on September 2d admitted to practice law in the district courts of Ohio. She is a competent lady and will practice in Seneca and adjoining counties. This is the first female lawyer in that section, and we hope to hear of her success.

Rev. Thorne is said to have established a daily paper in Greece City. The Butler papers say they have not seen a copy of it yet.

We are indebted to Messrs. Lee & Walker, Publishers, Philadelphia, for the September number of the *Amateur*, and copies of sheet music entitled "Picking cherries down the Lane" and "Happy hours," both by H. Millard. If the music is equal to their appearance it is good.

Mrs. Erskine left Beaver on last Thursday to meet her husband in Pittsburgh. After spending a few days there they will leave for New Orleans where they expect to permanently reside.

Choice Timothy Seed at B. S. Ranger's, Bridgewater. 2t

For County Treasurer, Charles B. Hurst, of Rochester. my12tf

Undeveloped Vigor.

The feeble and debilitated usually fancy they are in a more hopeless condition than they really are. The resources of nature are not easily exhausted. Even when strength and appetite fail, when the eyes are heavy and lustreless, the complexion pallid, the nerves tremulous, the body attenuated, and the mind depressed, there is generally a reserve of latent power behind such palpable evidences of weakness. Various modes of treatment are resorted to by physicians in the hope of developing and rendering available this store of sleeping vitality, but the surest, and indeed the only thoroughly safe and reliable means of awakening the dormant energies of the system is a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Electricity, shower baths, the flesh brush, sea bathing, &c., may be well enough in their way, as auxiliaries, but they do not reach the source of the evil. All physical debility proceeds either from a derangement of the functions of the assimilating, secretive and vital organs, or from a sluggish constitution. In either case, and also in cases where both causes exist, the Bitters will invariably produce an immediate and salutary change in the condition of the patient, and eventually effect a complete cure. None of the dangerous alkaloids, too often administered as tonics, can be otherwise than deleterious under such circumstances, and to give mercury is positively criminal. The direct effect of the great vegetable specific will be manifested in an improved appetite, a more cheerful frame of mind, a gradual return of strength, an increase of flesh, and a healthier complexion. Meanwhile, however, the constitution, if inert and feeble, will have been roused and renovated by the subtile elements of invigoration contained in the Bitters.

MARRIED.

BAKER—McELHENY—Tuesday evening, Sept., 2d, at the residence of the officiating minister, Rev. D. F. Mustard, Mr. Alfred Young Baker and Miss Miggie M. McElhany, all of Beaver County.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

Whereas, the notes and Books of accounts of Dr. M. Cummins, late of Industry, having been left with the subscriber for collection those knowing themselves to be indebted to said Dr. Cummings will please call upon the subscriber and settle promptly and pay costs.

ANDREW WATTERSON,
sept11-3t Brighton twp.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM KEVAN, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary to the estate of William Kevan, late of Hanover township, in the county of Beaver, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, whose post office address is Hookstown, in said county, all persons indebted to the said decedent's estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present the same properly authenticated to the undersigned for settlement.

PETER KEVAN, } Ex'rs.
JOHN SMILEY, }
aug22-6t

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WM. KENNEDY DECEASED.

The undersigned hereby notifies all parties indebted to said estate to call, settle and pay immediately, as the character of the business and condition of the estate require prompt adjustment and payment of all claims due.

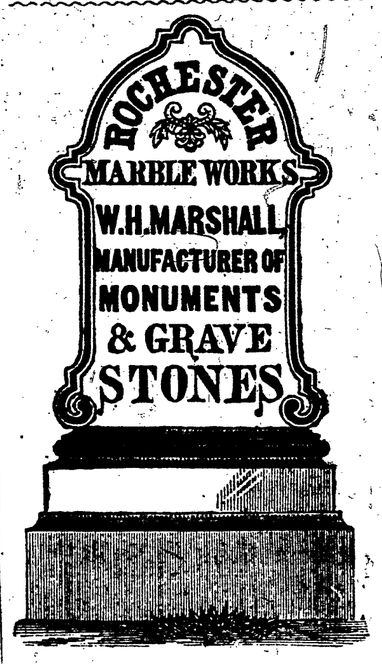
Parties holding claims against said Kennedy are requested to furnish me a statement of the same without delay.

I may be found at the store of said Kennedy in New Brighton,

JOSEPH C. WILSON.
Ex'r. of will of Wm. Kennedy, dec'd.
aug22-3t

JOB PRINTING AT THE *RADICAL OFFICE.*

New Advertisements.



We have on hand a LARGE STOCK of

FINE FINISHED HEADSTONES

Which we are selling as cheap as any other firm in the State. Also

Granite Monuments and Headstones

Furnished to order as reasonable as they can be had elsewhere. Persons wishing

MONUMENTS & HEADSTONES

should call and see us before purchasing elsewhere, as we will guarantee to sell a better job for less money than any other firm in Beaver county.

GRIND STONES AND FIXTURES.
CEMENTS OF ALL KINDS BY THE BARREL

mar14-6m W. H. MARSHALL. Rochester.

DAWSON & EAKIN,

AGENTS OF REAL ESTATE,

UNION HOTEL, BEAVER, PA.

We offer for sale the following described properties. For full particulars call at our office on Third Street:

No. 1.

A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

This farm is situate in Brighton tp., Beaver county, Pa., on the New Lisbon road, 4 miles from Beaver, containing 73 acres, more or less, on which is erected a two-story frame dwelling house, containing two rooms, kitchen and pantry on first floor and two rooms on second floor, a good cellar underneath; also a good frame barn, and stable and other necessary outbuildings. This farm is well watered, well timbered and under a good state of cultivation, and can be worked by machinery; excellent fruit on premises. Price $4,000. Inquire of John A. Eakin on the farm, or DAWSON & EAKIN, Beaver, Pa.

No. 3.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

This property is situated on 5th street, in the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Pa., 40x130 feet with a 1½ story frame house and stable and other outbuildings erected thereon. Good fruit on the premises. Price $600. Inquire of Hice, Wilson & Moore, Esqs., or DAWSON & EAKIN, Beaver, Pa.

No. 4.

A FINE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

This propertp is situated on 3d street, in the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Pa., extending along 3d street 180x300 feet, back to Turnpike alley, on which is erected a new brick dwelling house containing three rooms, large hall, kitchen and pantry on first floor, and 4 rooms and large hall on second floor, and an excellent cellar underneath and necessary outbuildings; large shade trees in front, fruit of various kinds on the premises. Price $3,600. Inquire of Hice, Wilson & Moore, Esqs., or DAWSON & EAKIN, Beaver, Pa.

No. 5.

House and lot situated on Fourth street, in the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Pa., 150 by 54 feet, on which is erected a two-story frame house, containing two rooms, kitchen, hall and pantry, with porch attached on first floor and two rooms and hall on second floor; a good cellar underneath and other outbuildings. Price $1,700, in payments. Inquire of Joseph White, or DAWSON & EAKIN, Beaver Pa.

No. 6.

A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

This property is situated on Beaver St., in the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Pa. Lot 150 by 125 feet, on which is erected a new frame house containing three rooms and hall on first floor and three rooms and hall on second floor, with cellar underneath, cistern at the kitchen door, and all necessary outbuildings.

Price $3,000. Inquire of Andrew G. White, on the premises, or DAWSON & EAKIN, Beaver, Penna.

No. 7.

A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

This farm is situated in Brighton township, Beaver county, Pa., on a good road, four miles from Beaver, containing 150 acres, more or less, 110 acres cleared and the balance well timbered, on which is erected a two-story frame house, barn stable and other outbuildings; a good spring house convenient to house; also a spring in barn yard. This farm is well watered, being especially adapted to the raising of stock; it is under a good state of cultivation, and can be worked by machinery; good fruit on premises. Inquire of G. W. Walton or DAWSON & EAKIN, Beaver, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of William Kennedy, late of the borough of New Brighton, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH C WILSON, Executor.
P. O. Address—Beaver, Pa. aug1 6t

KENWOOD BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Presents strong attractions to parents and guardians. A pleasant home; thorough instruction; healthful discipline; excellent library; new apparatus. Send for Catalogue. Liberal discount to clergymen. CHARLES JACOBUS, A. M.,
jy18 2m. Principal, New Brighton, Pa.

MITCHENER & GANGEWER,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

AND

SOLICITORS OF CLAIMS AND PATENTS,

326 Four-and a-half St. Washington, D. C.

We prosecute all kinds of claims against the government of the United States, before the Departments, Committee of Congress and Court of Claims. We procure patents and act as attorneys in patent cases. We make a specialty of Internal Revenue matters and Land Claims. Our terms on business sent us by attorneys will be one-half the fee charged claimants. When a claim is sent us we will send the necessary blanks and instructions for its preparation, and will also keep our correspondents advised of all new laws, rulings and decisions in relation to claims. Send for Circula

MITCHENER & GANGEWER,

Attorneys at Law.

SURE TO BE SEEN—YOUR NAME IN THE BEAVER RADICAL.

HISTORY OF THE BEAVER VALLEY.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

BEAVER VALLEY, August, 1873.

[Paper No. 24.]

Reference was made in my last, to the need to

MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES IN BEAVER VALLEY.

The obvious difficulty in the way, was the want of means on the part of those who are conversant with manufactures. There is sufficient wealth in the valley, but it is not in the right hands for the development of our resources and advantages.

Nearly all the floating capital of our business men is being put into the various kinds of business suitable to the valley. It was suggested that the

"ATTRACTION OF BRAINS AND CAPITAL TO THE VALLEY"

was our only hope to get all the industries we needed. The benefit of such a course is well illustrated in the case of Beaver Falls. The

HISTORY OF THE RISE OF THAT TOWN

is already known all over Western Pennsylvania, and the secret is, that the agents of the Economite Society have urged, in the strongest terms, all capitalists that they could reach, to come with them and build up this town. Liberal inducements were offered, and several large factories set in operation, doing an immense amount of good for the place. The truth is, that they advertised, that is all, simply advertised. No waiting for something to turn up on the part of the Economites. Their agents were instructed, and instructed well, and a stranger hardly dare set his foot in Beaver valley without being literally crammed with intelligence of the wonderful

CAPABILITIES OF THE VALLEY,

and urged to share its fortunes. Rochester is imbibing the same spirit, but poor, dear old New Brighton couldn't think of such a thing. Got enough people now, you see, and don't care a picayune whether any more come or not—I mean that's the way they act. Several years ago Mr. M. T. C. Gould undertook to set forth, by letter and pamphlet, the inducements of the valley, and gave to the world several well written and able letters, but since then very little has been done to draw the attention of the outside world to us. Not as much has been said by our home papers as the case would seem to warrant, but yet fully as much as the people seem to desire. What are the

RESOURCES AND ADVANTAGES

worth if no one knows that they exist? It does not meet the case to say that they are plain enough to any who will take the trouble to look at the valley. Such reasoning would do well if Beaver Valley had no rivals in all this broad country, but when every town and every neighborhood becomes anxious to win the the trade and business that we ought to have, it becomes us to stir ourselves and do all we can to

ADVANCE OUR INTERESTS.

Nobody will take the trouble at this day to search over the country until they find Beaver Valley, when hundreds of other points are urging and beseeching capitalists to come to them and build them up. The fact is that a majority of our people have become listless in this regard, and don't seem to have any particular interest in the valley's progress. What care they about other people's interest so long as their own are all right? But, on the other hand, there is a large number of our citizens who would be glad to see

FOREIGN CAPITAL

occupying and developing our territory. The spirit is willing but the flesh is weak. They are willing to receive aid, but how few are they who are willing to give some thing for that aid? This brings me to a point where an earnest talk with our people is greatly needed. There is one serious and seemingly, at present, unsurmountable difficulty in the way of such an attainment. It is fully embodied in the word liberality. Amplified, it means that we ought to be more liberal to those who desire to come among us. It is too much the spirit among us, if not to actually discourage, at least to "throw a wet cloth" on any new enterprise proposed. This is undeniable, and everybody who has observed the actions of the people in such cases, will agree that it is true. Now,

THE RATIONAL COURSE

would seem to be to at least show some interest in anything that may be proposed for the common good of the neighborhood. It costs nothing to speak well in favor of an enterprise, and a few words may decide the fate of the employment in our midst of a hundred people.

There is probably not a person who will read these lines but can recall some instance in which an enterprise, dragging its slow length along, has been literally talked into a great success. On the other hand, hundreds of instances can be shown, where as worthy enterprises have been talked into ignominious failures.

GOOD WORDS

and fair predictions alone never worked a success, but they are potential helps in time of need. Now, what impulse can compel a man to use his influence against a project, that will benefit his own immediate neighborhood, is a mystery unraveled. But many such are there in Beaver Valley. And to-day it is one of the greatest banes of the valley, that so many of its citizens find only words of censure for all enterprises proposed. In addition to this, it is humbly suggested that it might be a stroke of policy, if nothing more, on the part of some of our people to give away some of their lands. That's the tenderest spot of all.

HISTORY FURNISHES EXAMPLES

of towns where men who desired manufacturing sites, were given all the land they needed, and no grumbling in the premises, and the history of such towns is, that from villages they have grown to be large and wealthy cities. It is only a bit of policy after all. The man who had ten acres worth five hundred dollars per acre, gave away five acres, upon which paying factories were built, and the other five acres gave him a return of three thousand dollars per acre, on the sale of lots at five hundred dollars each; a clear gain here of ten thousand dollars without any outlay. How many landholders are there in Beaver Valley who would be willing to do such a thing? Yes, there are some. You musn't suppose that we are quite that mercenary yet. There are some men, but not enough of them. Now suppose that the men who own each from five to twenty or more acres in the valley, were to make a standing offer of one-fourth of their land as a free gift to any one who would construct the proper buildings and put in operation paying factories, how long would it be until every foot of available soil was in use? And would the donors be the losers? Not a bit of it.

THE REMAINING THREE FOURTHS

would at least double in value, and appreciate in all the essential elements of real desirability by the time the factories were in working order, and besides a great and lasting good done for others. But I am met with the old objection, that the land holders cannot afford to do this. It seems to me very clearly that they can, but suppose they cannot, there is one other course yet open. If you cannot

GIVE YOUR LANDS, SELL THEM CHEAP.

It is more or less discouraging, when you need five acres of land to set on foot an enterprise that will employ a hundred people, to be met by that people and demanded the highest market price for the land. It certainly seems logical that if you can sell that five acres for half market price and add a quarter of a million dollars to the wealth of the town thereby, that it is much better than to hold the five acres for the next ten years and probably not sell it at all. There is no gain in this grasping and holding on to what we have with so much pertinacity, when a little letting go would benefit us the more. But again. There are scores of men among us who are the happy (?) possessors of

A GREAT DEAL OF WEATH.

That wealth is lying dormant and doing no one any good, except a small dividend to the owner. Would it not be of more benefit to the possessors and their neighbors to loosen their grasp a little, and aid some enterprises that might come among us if encouraged? Man does not live to himself alone, and when he attempts it, there is such a thing a thing as a retribution, brought about by the violation of the laws of society; the laws that bind man to man in interests, and makes one dependent upon another.

But why discuss this topic longer? Isn't it as plain as the nose on a man's face? And if it were discussed, would it open the eyes of the people to a long neglected duty? The

WHOLE VALLEY OF BEAVER

is suffering and dying for the lack of this liberality, and men can't help but see it.

But beyond these considerations, there are many other needs that are patent to the most obtuse mind. Of course, these cannot be dwelt upon here. But among the

INDIRECT NEEDS OF THE VALLEY,

needs not belonging alone to the valley, there are two that will eventually, if not immediately, call for action. These are, the improvement of the Ohio river and the completion of a ship canal to the lakes; these water courses we need and must have them in the near future. What we had of a canal has been closed to us, and we are left to the mercy of a single railroad to the lakes.

AN IMMENSE TRADE

is for us along the valleys on the line of the canal, and the short-sightedness and want of interest that allowed it to be closed are proofs enough of the lack of interest that we have in our own advancement and prosperity.

Last, but not least—

FINALLY, AND IN CONCLUSION—

and, I might say twenty-fourthly, I lay down my "gray goose-quill" with the consideration of consolidation. Dear me, I wouldn't talk on that subject face to face with an average Beaver vallian for the worth of an interest in the ore mines. Consolidation! Would you like to see Bedlam Babel—a general muss? If you do, just go to Rochester, down there in the east part, and tell that people that you hold a petition for the consolidation of Rochester, Bridgewater and Beaver, and want them to sign it.

If you didn't go home a wiser and a sadder man, then I have failed to study deeply the subject of consolidation. Beaver Falls had some pretty high notions of her greatness, thought she had arrived at majority and maturity, and proposed a union with New Brighton. Not exactly officially, but sort of informally—and then—and just then—and not till then, did that sadly benighted and misguided town learn that there was a latent power of resistance, a slumbering volcano, beneath the surface of good old New Brighton.

Many were the hearts that were troubled and wonderfully out of humor, but a keen sense of propriety and dignity kept down the turbulence of the storm and made calm the ruffled surface. Consequent upon this agitation, a meeting was held in New Brighton in July, 1872, composed of representatives of the three contiguous boroughs, and many speeches were made pro and con on the subject. A strong feeling was developed in favor of consolidation, but no definite action taken, except the appointment of a good solid committee whose business it was to keep a vigilant eye on the agitated question. From present appearances, it will take another committee to find the one appointed. But this subject is an old one, having been agitated here 37 years ago, and the new city named. Mr. M. T. C. Gould wrote a very interesting letter Sept. 12, 1836, in which, after giving a few reasons for the consolidation of the little towns then here, dubs the new made city Beaver City, and says, "I shall, therefore, from this time forward, consider myself a resident of Beaver City." Several articles have since appeared in the *Beaver County Press*, warmly advocating the movement. As shown in former letters, we have here six towns, each joined to the other, except where separated by the Beaver river, or Brady's run. Neither of these towns alone exerts any very great influence or commands very great respect from home. There are too many towns in this broad land of 4,500 people, for one of our valley towns of that number to expect to gain any great prominence. But it is a very different thing when a town gains a population of 20,000 people. Then its influence is felt, and it towers head and shoulders above thousands of towns like we have here. It is certainly true, that a city or town of 20,000 people would have more influence than six towns lying together, the whole containing that number. There is something in a name after all, and it is realized when we test it in a practical way. New Brighton or Beaver or the other towns, are scarcely known outside of western Pennsylvania and eastern Ohio. But give these towns a name representing the whole of them as one city, and it at once gains character abroad. There are several theories broached relative to consolidation here, as to what it should include. As a faithful chronicler I give them to you. One is that the six towns of Beaver valley and the territory immediately contiguous to them, should be united in a city, making fully 20,000 people. This the prevailing sentiment would seem to warrant, should be called Beaver City. Another is that Beaver, Bridgewater and Rochester ought to be consolidated, making a beautiful river city of about 8,000 people, fully as large as the city of New Castle. This, with the splendid facilities for shipping on the Ohio river and to almost every point in the land by railway, would certainly make a prosperous city. Exclusive of the water power, this is the most advantageous part of the valley. The next is that Beaver Falls, New Brighton, Fallston and some contiguous territory should be constituted a city, and would embrace a population of about 12,000 souls.

Each of these plans has its champions, and each has its defects. It would seem that the first were the best, if practicable. If the people could be brought to see the immense advantages to be derived from a union of this kind it would certainly be better if all the towns were in one corporation and working in the same interests. In a territorial point of view, the scheme is entirely practicable. There are the very best of facilities for immediate intercourse between the different towns, and better would be added if one interest filled the mind of each. But it is too soon probably to make a practical movement in this direction. Not too soon to talk it up—not too soon to say it ought to be done, and not too soon for every friend of such a movement to win converts to his faith and make it a certainty in the near future. But if this be not practicable now for want of friends, the other two ought to be. And if the other two schemes were carried out, it ought to be done with the end in view of making the other possible. Either of the two would give us a city larger than any of our neighbors. We could have two cities each as large as the city of New Castle, and each of which would eventually control a greater influence than that live little city. Some of the arguments in favor of the move as given by some of our leading citizens, are in the fact that by it we would have increased railroad and postal facilities; an impetus to local improvements; attraction of capital and manufactures to us; erection of gas works, water works, street railways, and the quieting of local jealousies and prejudices. Well, isn't that just what we need? But, then, remarks some of our most respected property holders, "consolidation means taxation," and, if we consolidate, there will be increased taxation. Not a whit more than there ought to be now, if we had all the needed improvements. From the stand-point of progress, it would seem that the reason for consolidation largely preponderate over those against. But it is not the object here to enter into a discussion of all the points pertaining to this question. That can be better done on another occasion, but it certainly does seem that a move of this kind is imperatively needed. But enough has been said on this question.

The people of Beaver Valley have a fair history for the past, and it is in their own power to make their future whatsoever they will. These letters were intended to show what we have been, what our advantages, &c., are, and what we yet need for a successful future. While this has been done in a plain, practical and necessarially brief manner, it has been done none the less honestly. In closing the series, it is done with the earnest hope, that as the years of time shall increase upon us, that they may find the whole of this beautiful valley enjoying the greatest prosperity, peace and plenty, and reaping for honest labor the "kindly fruits of the earth."

THANKS.

I desire here to return my thanks to those who so willingly aided me in the gathering of material for these articles. Whatever there is of merit in them is due to those who furnished the facts and incidents of which they are composed. It was the intention at first to write a complete history of Beaver Valley, but was abandoned for want of some necessary material, which it did not seem possible to get. This may yet be done, at some time, if our people will correct any errors in the articles published and gather the material yet wanting.

On my own part, and of those who have been interested in reading the articles, I return most sincerely my thanks to the proprietors of the *Pittsburgh Gazette*, who so kindly and willingly opened the columns of their daily and weekly papers for the publication of the articles.

BEAVER.

A Deep River.

Says the Stockton *Gazette*: Where the road between Merced and Snelling crosses the Merced River, that stream is about two hundred yards in width, and even at this season of the year, when the water is quite low, it looks like a dangerous and deep stream to cross. Last Thursday, a patent-medicine agent, traveling on horseback through that section, came to the river and hesitated about attempting to ford it as he saw the wide expanse of rushing waters. There is no bridge anywhere along there, so after some indecision he concluded to swim his horse across. Spying a boy fishing in a small punt tied to the bank, he said:

"Hello, bub!"

"Hello, yourself."

"Can I get you to take my clothes across the river in your boat?"

"I rekin you kin, if you've got any soap."

"All right, I'll give you a quarter to take over my clothes and this carpetsack to the opposite shore."

To this the boy nodded ascent, the stranger disrobed, turned over the carpetsack and habiliments to the juvenile, who paddled out into the stream, and mounted his horse, prepared to swim the river and enjoy the luxury of a bath. With a splash at every movement, the horse stepped into the stream, and walked across—the water was nowhere more than eighteen inches deep! To say that that medicine man, perched on the back of his horse, was a man of iniquity for the space of half an hour would hardly do justice to the occasion. There were enough "dams" along the Merced that afternoon to supply a hundred mill-sites.

Carrying out the Joke.

While we were lying in camp at Rossville, Georgia, writes a correspondent, the Sixth Illinois returned from their furlough with a number of recruits. One of these having exhausted his supply of clean shirts and not having learned to be his own laundress, asked a veteran where he could get some washing done.

"Do you see those tents there by the church? Well, go there and ask Mr. Morgan, he does washing. He's a crusty old cuss, but if you talk pretty nice to him he'll do it for you."

The recruit went as directed, and found Gen. Morgan walking in front of his tent, dressed as was his custom, in the uniform of a high private.

"Where will I find Mr. Morgan?" asks the recruit.

"My name is Morgan. What will you have?"

"I came here to get some clothes washed."

"Ahem? Who sent you here to get your clothes washed?"

"John Smith, of the Sixth."

"Corporal of the guard!"

The corporal approached and saluted Morgan.

"Young man, go with the corporal and show him John Smith, so that he can bring him here. And you come back with him, and bring all the dirty clothes you have."

They departed, and soon returned with the guilty veteran and a huge armful of dirty shirts, socks, etc.

"Did you send this young man here to have his clothes washed?" said the General to Smith.

"Yes, sir, for a joke."

"For a joke! Well, we'll have the joke carried out. We do have clothes washed here sometimes. Corporal, take this man Smith and that bundle of clothes down to the creek, and have him wash them, fold them neatly, and return them to the owner! See that he does the job up handsomely!"

—An Irish paper says that "In the absence of both editors, the publishers have succeeded in securing the services of a 'gentleman' to edit the paper this week."

—Why is a prudent man like a pin? Because his head prevents him going too far.

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A pleasantly located farm, situate in North Sewickly township, Beaver County, for sale. Contains 119 acres, lies on Harmony, New Castle and Beighton roads, 90 acres improved, balance in timber, consisting of Oak, Locust, Chestnut, &c.; can all be worked by machinery, soil is very productive, excellent for grain or pasture; land lies undulating, good springs all over the farm; underlaid with coal, limestone and ore; good sand and building stone; fences are rail and board, in good condition; good orchard of apple, peach and other varieties of choice fruit; grapes, shrubbery, &c. Improvements consist of a two-story frame house of six rooms, good cellar and kitchen, smoke house, corn crib, new barn 50x40 feet, stone spring house, close to schools, churches, saw mill, stores, 5 miles rom Brighton, 3¼ from Beaver Falls. 1¼ miles from the line of the proposed Baltimore and Chicago Railroad. Price $11,900.

NO. 70.

A GOOD DAIRY, STOCK OR GRAIN FARM

In Big Beaver township, Beaver county, Pa., containing about 140 acres—of which 120 acres are cleared, 35 acres first bottom land: 20 acres in oak timber; balance of cleared land, gently rolling; all under fence, on the P. Ft. W. & C. Railroad; building on a good township road one-half mile from Homewood station; soil is first class and all can be worked by machinery. Improvements, one newly weather-boarded log house of 5 rooms, two stories high, veranda and frame kitchen, with pleasant surroundings, one new two-story frame house of 4 rooms, portico in front; a good cellar; spring of water and well close to house; one new bank barn, with stone foundation, 40x60, with plenty of stabling for horses and cows; corn crib, smoke house, and all usual outbuildings; a first-rate orchard of various kinds of fruit trees in good bearing condition, and a young orchard. This place is in a very pleasant part of the county, with every surrounding object to make it agreeable and attractive, and is a first-class farm in a good neighborhood, close to schools, churches, post-office and station—will subdivide this tract if desired by the purchaser, for sale. Price, $80 per acre, in payments. George E. McCready, owner.

NO. 73.

A SPLENDID GARDEN OR DAIRY FARM,

containing about 107 acres of which 83 acres are cleared and under a high state of cultivation, well fenced, mostly post and rail, and in splendid order; ten springs on the place, two orchards containing 225 apple and 100 peach trees, bearing and in good condition; about 27 acres of the best quality of timber; a good frame barn 50x38 feet, with stabling underneath; a new frame stable 16x30; a new corn crib, a good frame house of four rooms and cellar, a good milk house, an excellent enclosed garden patch; plenty of small fruit such as cherries, plums, quinces, grapes, &c. Near to a new school house, 1½ miles from Industry on the C. & P. Railroad, good roads to station. The soil is good and the farm is well adapted to dairy or stock purposes, and is considered one of the best. Price 80 per acre, in payments. Benjamin Todd, Owner.

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ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH JORDAN, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Elizabeth Jordan, dec'd., late of Big Beaver township, Beaver county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate are notified to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

aug22 6t J. S. HUDSON, Adm'r.

HOUSE AND FARM.

Sowing Winter Wheat.

Our remarks last week under the above head were directed to the proper preparation of the ground. The best method of fertilizing the ground, and the choice and preparation of the seed for this crop, are also well worthy of consideration. On the whole, we have no fertilizer that can take the place of barn-yard manure. When this has been made from well-fed cattle, has been well manipulated and preserved from the weather, and well rotted, it is amply sufficient, with an occasional dressing of mineral manures, to supply all the needs of all our crops. But what farmer has ever been known whose ideas as to a sufficiency of barn-yard manure have ever been satisfied? Those whose resources are ample enough to supply twenty tons per acre to their fields once in five years would still like to have more; and farmers who can haul out of their barn-yards 200 loads of well prepared manure during the last days of August in each year are very rarely met with. Again, the wheat crop is one that will not stand very heavy fertilizing with stimulating manures without additional mineral fertilizers to stiffen the straw, and fill the berry. Many a wheat-crop is laid or rusted, and the farmer's hopes blighted, by want of lime, salt, or phosphoric acid in addition to the barn-yard manure. There is rarely danger of too much of the latter, if proper proportions of the former are used. In proportion to the richness of the soil in vegetable and animal matter mineral manures are to be used. When the soil is well filled with decomposing vegetable matter, fifty bushels of lime per acre may be used with the best effect. This should be drawn fresh from the kiln after the last plowing, exposed in small heaps to the rain until finely slacked, and then immediately spread evenly, and harrowed into the soil. Its beneficial effect will be in proportion to its fineness, and to the evenness with which it is spread. If forty bushels per acre is the quantity chosen, lines two rods apart should be staked out both ways across the field, and a bushel dropped at each intersection. Each bushel will then when spread cover four square rods or two rods square. If less or more in proportion is to be spread, the heaps should be less or greater to suit. One rod each way is a very convenient distance to throw the lime from a shovel, and this plan will be found as good as any, if not the best. The effect of lime is to stiffen the straw, produce a hard, clear berry with a thin husk which shells readily beneath the mill-stones and thus produces a finer, whiter flour. An application of four bushels of salt per acre in the Spring has almost exactly the same effect, but a great secondary advantage of the lime is, its beneficial effect on the grass and clover. It is "the one thing needful" for them and the effect of the salt is only temporary and to benefit the wheat. It is more than questionable if superphosphate of lime applied in the Fall pays expenses. Its effect is solely on the grain, and long before the opening of the growing season in the Spring, the solubility of this fertilizer is destroyed. Superphosphate has a habit of "going back" on the farmer. Meeting with lime or other alkaline substances in the soil, the free phosphoric acid forms an insoluble compound, and thus "goes back" to its first estate, that of insoluble phosphate of lime. Applied when the wheat is well started in the Spring, its effect is more apparent. The great need of the wheat plant in the Fall is to get a vigorous growth, which shall enable it to withstand the changes of weather which is fatal to a weak and sickly plant. Superphosphate of lime not supplying this present need, is not therefore always profitably applied in the Fall sowing. If sufficient barn-yard manure is not within reach, a substitute may be found to some extent in guano or some of the ammoniacal manures, as flesh or blood preparations, but without a fair allowance of stable manure wheat is not likely to be a satisfactory crop and rye should be substituted.

The choice of seed is one to be made with caution. It is not every soil that will produce white wheat. White wheat needs a rich soil, well drained. On soils which are gravelly, or inclined to loam, amber wheats are to be preferred. Diehl wheat bears a good reputation, and a high price, and is probably the safest of the white varieties. Treadwell is an excellent amber wheat, and may be relied upon as proof against the midge. It produces a choice flour, and yields well. On the average run of soils the hardier red wheats will be found the safest to sow. Where it is thought expedient to make experiments in trying new seeds, they should be made cautiously and with small quantities, lest a whole crop might be lost by failure. As wheat cannot mix when different varieties are sown near each other in the same field, a strip of some new variety might very profitably be sown each year as a test. In this way, if successful, a stock of seed is procured, and if it fails, but little harm is done.

The quantity of seed sown to the acre should depend on the character of the soil to a great extent. On rich soil, able to produce a strong plant, thin sowing should be the rule. In an experiment made a few years ago under exactly equal conditions, the writer raised thirty-five bushels with five pecks of seed per acre, twenty-five bushels with seven pecks, and only fifteen bushels with ten pecks. The same result has been reached by others and with other grains. When sown thinly the wheat plant "tillers," or spreads enormously. Thirty stalks have been counted, and in some instances many more, from a single root, each having an ear, in places on the edge of a field where this peculiarity of the wheat plant had a favorable opportunity to be developed. Botanically, the wheat plant (*Triticum vulgare*) belongs to the same genus of grasses as the quack grass, (*Triticum repens*) and possesses a somewhat similar habit of spreading from the root. This, of course, is encouraged by thin sowing, and materially prevented by thick sowing. But it is only on strong, rich soils that the plant will be so vigorous as to be able to throw out offshoots, and therefore the thin sowing would fail on lands of a different character. On poor lands (at least comparatively) not less than two bushels should be sown. On really poor lands, (that is, on lands that would not produce more than fifteen bushels of corn or 1,500 pounds of hay per acre,) wheat will be a most unprofitable crop, and rye should be sown instead. But any crop on such lands is unprofitable, and the owner of such a farm should at once turn his attention toward improvement, as it will never pay to farm land too poor to grow wheat.

Wheat is very often seriously effected by a fungoid parasitic disease known as rust and smut. Elsewhere the nature of this fungus is described. An effective remedy against it is found in steeping the seed. A saturated solution of common salt, or stale urine, or a solution of four ounces of blue vitriol to a gallon of water, is poured into a shallow tub, large enough to hold a bushel-basket. The seed wheat in the basket is dipped into the liquid, and retained in it for five minutes, during which the grain is stirred. It is then set aside to drain, so that the waste steep may return to the tub. It is then thrown upon the barn floor, and ground plaster or finely slacked lime is thrown upon it, and the mass is stirred with a shovel until dried. It should be sown immediately. This process is certain distruction to the spores or germs of this injurious fungus.—*New York Semi-Weekly Times.*

A GOOD CEMENT.—A very adhesive cement, and one particularly useful for fastening the brass mountings on lamps, as it is unaffected by petroleum, may be prepared by boiling three parts of rosin with one part of caustic soda, and five parts of water, thus making a kind of soap, which is mixed with one-half its weight of plaster of Paris. Zinc white, white lead, or precipitated chalk may be used instead of the plaster, but when they are used the cement will be longer in hardening.

TO CURE HICCOUGH.—A small piece of loaf sugar will instantly cure the most troublesome hiccough.

New Advertisements.

LIST OF PREMIUMS

To be Awarded at the Twentieth Annual Exhibition of the Beaver County Agricultural Society, to be held on the Fair Grounds, at Beaver, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, September 24th, 25th and 26th, 1873.

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT—JAMES DARRAGH.

VICE PRESIDENTS—L. H. OATMAN, WILLIAM SHRODES, SEBASTIAN GROVE.

TREASURER—R. H. COOPER.

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MANAGERS—*East Side*—A. P. LACOCK, SAM'L. MAGAW, W. H. MARSHALL, HIRAM REED, JACOB GABE. *West Side*—D. O. C. PATTERSON, A. CAROTHERS, C. A. HUNTER, JOHN ANDREWS, WILLIAM A. LAIRD. *South Side*—JAMES ORR, S. LAUGHLIN, S. PATTERSON, ROBERT POTTER, MARTIN REED.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT—HIRAM REED.

GENERAL RULES.

1. Certificates of Life Membership ($15 each) admit all members of the family to the privileges of the Society, except males over 21 years of age.

2. Certificates of Annual Membership ($1.00) give all the privileges for the year, including succeeding election, and admit the heads of a family and their children residing at home, except males over 21 years of age. Single tickets (50 cents each) will be good for one admission only.

3. All articles in the manufacturing or mechanical departments, must be made in the county, within the period of one year previous to the present Fair. The Board of Managers may award premiums on articles of special merit from other Counties or States.

4. Each horse or colt (except those engaged in hauling articles to the Fair, which shall not remain) will be taxed 35 cents each; a pair of horses, one owner, in harness or otherwise 50 cents.

5. Any ticket passed through the fence, or found in possession of any person who is not the rightful owner, will be forfeited to the Society, and persons detected in passing tickets will be promptly dealt with according to law.

6. The Secretary is required to charge for each entry he makes on his Books, of Horse, Mule or Jack, the following sums for the use of Stalls: Box Stall, 75c.; Covered Stall, 50c.; Open Stall, 25c.

INSTRUCTION TO JUDGES.

1. All the Judges are requested to report themselves at the stand at 10 o'clock, a. m., Thursday, otherwise vacancies will be immediately filled by the Board. They will make full detailed reports, and return to the Secretary before 10 o'clock, a. m., Friday.

2. Judges will not permit exhibitors to make themselves known to them, unless absolutely necessary.

3. Judges must not be competitors in the same class in which he or she may be competing, or in anyway interested.

4. Judges will permit no persons to be present at their examinations, except as above directed.

5. Judges shall, in no case, award either a *premium* or *diploma*, unless on articles of special merit.

6. Judges on stock will attach *red badges* on animals taking first premiums, and *blue badges* on those taking second premiums.

9. Judges will hand the'r reports to the Secretary as soon as completed.

8. Judges will pay no attention to any article without a numbered card, designating the class and entry.

9. Judges will, in all cases, withhold premiums *where the animal or article is not worthy*, though there be no competition.

DIRECTIONS TO COMPETITORS.

1. Competitors must become members of the Society, and show their certificates of membership to the Secretary, before any entries can be made.

2. Numbered cards must be attached to all articles, stock, &c., which will be furnished by the Secretary—being an exact copy of his entry.

3. All animals or articles must be on the ground before 10 o'clock on Thursday, that they may be arranged in readiness for examination by the Awarding Committee or Judges. No entries will be received after the first day at 9 o'clock, P. M., although articles may subsequently be exhibited, but not for a premium.

4. The same articles will not be permitted to compete in more than one class.

5. Judges must not be interferred with, in any manner, by any person. *Competitors will therefore not make themselves known to the Judges*, unless it becomes absolutely necessary to the examination of machinery, stock, &c.

6. The removal of any article or animal from the grounds before 3 o'clock, P. M., last day of the Fair, without permission of the committee, will also forfeit the premium which may have been awarded by the Judges.

7. Hay and straw for stock will be furnished free, and grain at cost, and an abundance of water will be on the grounds, for all purposes.

8. No premium will be paid until October 30, 1873, and all premiums sent for will be paid only on a written order to the Treasurer, (R. H Cooper,) to be retained by him as a voucher for the same, in all cases premiums are to be receipted for to the Treasurer.

9. A Committee will direct as to the location of any article which may be placed on exhibition.

10. Competition in all the several classes shall be *strictly confined to the county*, except in entries for speed, and such articles as shall come under the jurisdiction of the Discretionary Committee, which shall be composed of persons chosen from the Board of Managers.

11. Competitors must be owners of all articles or animals put upon exhibition, any violation of this rule will forfeit the premium to the Society.

12. No diplomas will in any case be awarded on second premiums.

13. The Managers reserve the right to withhold any premium given by the Judges under false representation, or not in accordance with the List and Regulations.

The Board of Managers, which includes officers, will be present on the grounds, and will be pleased to give information to competitors or others desiring it.

The Secretary of the Society will be ready to receive entries for two weeks previous to the Fair; and would request all who can to make application before the Fair, as it may facilitate arrangements that may be made for their accommodation.

In presenting the following List of Premiums, the Board wish to call attention to the fact that it has undergone a thorough revision and correction, and invite a careful perusal, feeling that in variety and extent it is not surpassed by any other County Society in the State. Taking these facts into consideration, we invite all to compete, hoping that we may have an exhibition which may prove alike creditable to our Association and to the agricultural interests of the county.

LIST OF PREMIUMS

CLASS No. 1.—*Horses, (heavy draught)*

Judges—Wm. McCoy, Wm. M. Reid, J. W. Hum, S. Warren and Capt. D. Dawson.

	1st prm	2d prm.
Best stallion, 4 yrs old and upwards	$10 00	$7 00
do do 3 do do	7 00	5 00
do do 2 do do	4 00	2 00
do do 1 do do	3 00	2 00
do brood mare, with colt at foot	6 00	4 00
do mare, 4 years old and upwards	4 00	3 00
do do 3 do do	3 00	2 00
do do 2 do do	2 00	1 00
do do 1 year old and upwards	2 00	1 00
do gelding 4 years old and upwards	4 00	3 00
do do 3 do do	3 00	2 00
do do 2 do do	2 00	1 00
do do 1 do do	2 00	1 00
do pair light draught horses or mares	8 00	5 00

CLASS No. 2.—*Light draught.*

[Judges same as above.]

Best stallion 4 years old and upwards	10 00	7 00
do do 3 do do	7 00	5 00
do do 2 do do	4 00	2 00
do do 1 do do	3 00	2 00
do brood mare with colt at foot	6 00	4 00
do mare 4 years old and upwards	4 00	3 00
do do 3 do do	3 00	2 00
do do 2 do do	2 00	1 00
do do 1 do do	2 00	1 00
do gelding, 4 years old and upwards	4 00	3 00
do do 3 do do	3 00	2 00
do do 2 do do	2 00	1 00
do do 1 do do	2 00	1 00
do pair carriage horses or mares	8 00	5 00

CLASS NO. 3—*Blood.*

Judges—Capt. D. M. Donehoo, Beaver; Hugh McGuire, Allegheny; James Pearson, Pittsburgh.

Best stallion 3 years and over	15 00
do do 2 do do	5 00
do do 1 do do	3 00
do brood mare and colt	10 00
do brood mare 3 years and over	5 00
do do 2 do	4 00
do do 1 year old	3 00

NOTE 1—In class No. 3 pedigree will be required.

NOTE 2—Where a pair of horses are noted in Classes No. 1 and 2, a horse and mare can also compete.

CLASS NO. 4—*Cattle.*

Judges.—John A. Rowan, J. Simmons and Milo A. Grostcrost.

New Advertisements.

	1 prm.	2 prm.
Best Durham bull 3 yrs and upwards	10 00	5 00
do do do 2 do do	6 00	4 00
do do do 1 do do	4 00	3 00
do Durham bull calf	2 00	1 00
do Durham cow 3 yrs and upward	10 00	5 00
do do 2 do	6 00	4 00
do do 1 do	4 00	3 00
do Durham heifer calf	2 00	1 00
do Alderny bull 3 years and upwards	10 00	5 00
do do 2 do	6 00	4 00
do do 1 do	4 00	3 00
do Alderny bull calf	2 00	1 00
do Alderny cow 3 years and upwards	10 00	5 00
do do 2 do	6 00	4 00
do do 1 do	4 00	3 00
do Alderny heifer calf	2 00	1 00
do Native cow 3 years old and upwards	5 00	3 00
do do 2 do	3 00	2 00
do do 1 do	2 00	1 00
do yoke of oxen	4 00	2 00

CLASS NO. 5—*Sheep.*

Judges—Andrew Waterson, Esq.; John Wilson, Chippewa; and Alexander Ewing, Raccoon.

Best Spanish buck	$6 00	3 00
do 3 Spanish ewes	5 00	3 00
do 3 Spanish lambs	3 00	2 00
do Cotswold buck	6 00	3 00
do 3 Cotswold ewes	5 00	3 00
do 3 Cotswold lambs	3 00	2 00
do Leicester buck	6 00	3 00
do 3 Leicester ewes	5 00	3 00
do 3 Leicester lambs	3 00	2 00
do Southdown buck	6 00	3 00
do 3 Southdown ewes	5 00	3 00
do 3 Southdown lambs	3 00	2 00

CLASS NO. 6—*Swine.*

Judges—R. H. Barclay, H. Goehring and Jos. Campbell, Raccoon.

Best Chester boar	$6 00	3 00
do Chester sow and pigs	6 00	3 00
do Suffolk boar	6 00	3 00
do Suffolk sow and pigs	6 00	3 00
do Hog of any improved breed	6 00	3 00

CLASS NO. 7.—*Poultry.*

Judges—Wm. Reno, Jas. Crane and Wm. Leaf.

Best 3 light Brammah chickens	$2 00
do 3 dark Brammah chickens	2 00
do 3 buff Cochin chickens	2 00
do 3 white Cochin chickens	2 00
do 3 Crevecour chickens	2 00
do 3 white Spanish chickens	2 00
do 3 black Spanish chickens	2 00
do 3 Dorking chickens	2 00
do 3 Howden chickens	2 00
do 3 game chickens	2 00
do 3 Bantam chickens	2 00
do chickens any variety not named	2 00
do pair turkeys	2 00
do pair ducks	2 00
do collection of poultry to one person	5 00

CLASS NO. 8—*Domestic Manufactures.*

Judges—Mrs. Wm. Shrodes, Mrs. Milton Townsedd, and Benj. Wilde

	1st prm	3d prm
Best 10 yards broadcloth	3 00	
do do cassimere	2 00	
do do satinet	2 00	
do do flannel	2 00	
do lot of shawls	2 00	
do made overcoat	3 00	
do made dress coat	3 00	
do made pantaloons	2 00	
do made vest	2 00	
do yarn carpet	2 00	
do rag carpet	3 00	2 00
do stocking yarn	1 00	50
do pair blankets	2 00	1 00
do country linen	2 00	1 00
do carpet yarn	1 00	50
do knit lace	1 00	50
do children's hose	1 00	50
do hand-knit mittens	1 00	50
do rug	1 00	25
do pair gloves	1 00	25
do hand-knit stockings.	1 00	25

CLASS No 9.—*Plants and flowers.*

Judges—Miss Hannah Hice, Mrs. H. N. Frazier, Beaver, and Miss Sarah Patterson, Beaver Falls.

	1st prm	2d prm
Best oleander	1 00	50
do dalhias	1 00	50
do fuchias	1 00	50
do variety of cut flowers	1 00	50
do flat hand boquet	1 00	50
do round hand boquet	1 00	50
do verbenias, 12 varieties	2 00	1 00
do roses, 6 varieties	1 00	50
do phloxes, 6 varieties	1 00	50
do geraniums, 6 varieties	1 00	50
do cactus	1 00	50
do variety of astors	1 00	50
do variety green house plants	2 00	1 00
do lot of flowers any variety	1 00	50

CLASS No. 10.—*Fruits.*

Judges.—W. W. Irwin, John Scott, Raccoon; and N. I. McCormick.

	1st prm.	2d prm.
Best and largest collection apples to one person	$1 00	50
do variety of fall apples 3 each	1 00	50
do 6 winter apples 3 each	1 00	50
do and greatest variety of apples worthy of cultivation, 3 specimens of each, with *true name* attached	2 00	1 00
do 3 varieties of fall pears 3 each	1 00	50
do 3 varieties winter pears 3 each	1 00	50
do and greatest variety of pears	2 00	1 00
do variety of peaches with name	2 00	1 00
do one dozen peaches	1 00	50
do ½ bushel of plums	1 00	50
do variety of plums	1 00	50
do one dozen quinces	1 00	50
do Concord grapes	1 00	50
do Catawba grapes	1 00	50
do Isabella grapes	1 00	50
do Delaware grapes	1 00	50
do Iona grapes	1 00	50
do Creveling grapes	1 00	50
do Ives seedling grapes	1 00	50
do Hamburg grapes	1 00	50
do variety grapes	1 00	50
do and largest collection of grapes	2 00	
do and largest collection of fruit generally	3 00	

CLASS NO. 11.—*Bread and Cakes.*

Judges.—Mrs. Robert Potter, Mrs. Geo. Nippert and Mrs. Ann Scroggs.

	1st p.	2d p.
Best family bread	1 00	50
do light cakes	1 00	50
do Graham bread	1 00	50
do corn bread	1 00	50
do biscuit	1 00	50
do pound cake	1 00	75
do fruit cake	1 00	75
do jelly cake	1 00	50
do delicate cake	1 00	50
do silver cake	1 00	50
do marble cake	1 00	50
do cocoa cake	1 00	50
do specimen each variety pie	1 00	50

CLASS No. 12—*Farm Implements.*

Judges—Jas. McCreery, John Strock, J. B. Angel.

Best mowing machine	dip and	5 00
do reaping machine	dip and	5 00
do combined machine	dip and	5 00
do threshing machine	dip and	5 00
do display of plows	dip and	2 00
do two horse plow		1 00
do one horse plow		1 00
do hill side plow	dip and	2 00
do corn plow		1 00
do grain drill		1 00
do corn planter		1 00
do square harrow		1 00
do triangle harrow		1 00
do clover huller	dip and	3 00
do horse rake	dip and	2 00
do cutting box		1 00
do machine for gathering clover seed		1 00
do grain cradle		1 00
do corn sheller		1 00
do cider mill	dip and	2 00
do fanning mill		2 00
do corn cultivator		1 00
do hay ladder		2 00
do churn		1 00
do churn with power		2 00
do farm roller		1 00
do farm ladders		1 00
do 6 flour barrels		1 00
do wheelbarrow		1 00
do 6 manure forks		1 00
do 6 hay forks		1 00

CLASS NO. 13.—*Manufactures.*

Judges—Daniel Reisinger, Alex. Anderson, John Robeson, C. R. Tuttle and Isaac Morgan.

	1st prm.	2d prm.
Best engine	dip and	5 00
best and largest col'n of saws	dip and	5 00
best and largest col'n of shovels and spades	dip and	5 00
best and largest col'n of axes	dip and	5 00
best and largest col'n of files	dip and	5 00
best and largest col'n of cutlery	dip and	5 00
best and largest col'n of hinges	dip and	5 00
best and largest col'n of wire	dip and	5 00
best disp'ay of burial caskets	dip and	5 00
best display of marble cutting	dip and	5 00
best display of glassware	dip and	5 00
best display of stoneware	dip and	5 00
best two horse carriage	dip and	5 00 2 00
best one horse carriage or top buggy	dip and	4 00 2 00
best one horse carriage or open buggy	dip and	3 00 2 00
best spring wagon	dip and	3 00 2 00
best buck board	dip and	3 00 2 00
best two-horse wagon	dip and	3 00 2 00
best dressing bureau	dip and	3 00 2 00
best sofa	dip and	2 00 1 00
best 6 mahogany chairs	dip and	2 00 1 00
best 6 cane seat chairs	dip and	1 00 50
best 6 common chairs	dip and	1 00 50
best dining table	dip and	1 00 50
best washstand	dip and	1 00 50
best lot of edged tools	dip and	2 00 1 00
best lot of horse shoes	dip and	1 00 50
best model house		2 00 1 00
best split or willow basket each		50 25
best picture frame		1 50 75

New Advertisements.

	1st prm.	2d prm.
best carving on wood	1 00	50
best 6 tubs	1 00	50
best 6 buckets	1 00	50
best 3 white lead kegs each size	1 50	75
best pump	1 00	50
best iron railing	dip and	2 00 1 00
best cook stove	dip and	2 00 1 00
best egg stove	dip and	2 00 1 00
best fire front grate and fender	3 00	1 00
best each variety of cigars	35	
best variety of brooms	1 00	

CLASS NO. 14.—*Leather and its Manufactures.*

Judges.—G. C. Cunningham, James Todd and B. Mulheim.

Best side of harness leather	1 00	
do side of skirting leather	1 00	
do side of sole leather	1 00	
do 3 kip skins	1 00	
do 3 calf skins	1 00	
do double set carriage harness	dip and	4 00 3 00
do single set do	dip and	3 00 2 00
do double farm harness	dip and	3 00 2 00
do man's saddle	dip and	2 00 1 00
do lady's saddle	dip and	3 00 2 00
do bridle and martingale	1 00	50
do halter	1 00	50
do horse collar	1 00	50
do leather trunk	dip and	2 00 1 00
do gent's calf boots	1 00	50
do gent's stogies	1 00	50
do ladies' boots	1 00	50
do ladies' shoes	1 00	50
do ladies' slippers	1 00	50
do leather work frame	1 00	50

CLASS NO. 15.—*Grain, Seed and Vegetables.*

Judges—Jesse McGaffick, Wm. B. Reed, Nathan Hazen.

Best half bushel of white wheat	$2
best do red wheat	2
best do spring wheat	2
best do rye	1
best do oats	1
best do buckwheat	1
best do clover seed	2
best do timothy seed	3
best do barley	1
best do corn in ear	1
best do sweet corn in ear	1
best do pop corn in ear	1
best and greatest display of corn	2
best 6 stalks of corn in the ear	½
best 5 pounds of hops	1
best gal. Chinese sugar cane seeds	1
best half bushel of peach blow potatoes	1
best do garnet chili potatoes	1
best do early rose potatoes	1
best do peerless potatoes	1
best do any variety of potatoes not heretofore mentioned	1
best display of Irish potatoes not less than ten varieties one-half peck each correctly named	3
best half bushel yellow sweet potatoes	1
best do yams	1
best do turnips	1
best do tomatoes	1
best 6 parsnips	1 00
best 6 carots	1 00
best 6 table beets	1 00
best 6 mangel wartzel	1 00
best 6 sugar beets	1 00
best 3 Kershaw squashes	1 00
best 3 turban squashes	1 00
best 3 Hubbard squashes	1 00
best 3 squashes any other kind	1 00
best one-half bushel white onions	1 00
best one-half bushel red onions	1 00
best 3 cabbages	1 00
best 3 red cabbages	1 00
best 3 cauliflowers	1 00
best 6 stalks celery	1 00
best display of peppers	1 00
best heaviest field pumkin	1 00
best 3 water melons	1 00
best 3 yellow fleshed melons	1 00
best 3 green fleshed melons	1 00
best and largest variety of melons	2 00
best egg plant, with fruit	1 00
best one-fourth bushel lima beans, in pod	1 00
best gallon early bunch beans	1 00
best and greatest variety of garden beans	1 00

CLASS No. 16.—*Crotchet and Embroideries.*

Judges—Miss Louisa Darragh, Mrs. Jacob Weyand, Mrs. Sarah Minis, Miss M. J. Kennedy, Miss Tillie Dunlap.

	1st prm	3d prm
Best ottoman cover	1 00	50
best stand cover	1 00	50
best stool cover	1 00	50
best lamp mat	1 00	50
best skirt	1 00	50
best cuff and collar	1 00	50
best chemise band and sleeves	1 00	50
best screen	1 00	50
best night gown	1 00	50
best strawberry mats	1 00	50
best strawberry sets	1 00	50
best sofa cushion	1 00	50
best infant sacque	1 00	50
best infant shawl or skirt	1 00	50
best lady's shawl or skirt	1 00	50
best pillow slip	1 00	50
best slippers	75	50
best tatting lace, 1 yard	1 00	50
best watch case	1 00	50
best jewelry case	1 00	50
best set ladies' underclothes	2 00	1 00
best chair tidy	1 00	50
best cake cover	1 00	50
best specimen of insertion	1 00	50
best toilet set	1 00	50
best knitted shawl	1 00	50
best crotchet slippers	1 00	50
best crotchet basket	1 00	50
best display of crotchet work	1 00	50
best display of knitted work	1 00	50

CLASS No, 16.—*Quilts and Ornamental Work.*

Judges—Mrs. John Christy, Miss Emma Roberts, Miss Jennie Bedison, Mrs. J. C. Levis, Miss Nannie A. Barclay.

Best fancy quilt	2 00	1 00
best silk quilt	2 00	1 00
best patch-work quilt	2 00	1 00
best scrap-work quilt	2 00	1 00
best delaine quilt	2 00	1 00
best white quilt	2 00	1 00
best counterpane	1 00	75
best quilted skirt	2 00	1 00
best fancy coverlet	2 00	1 00
best quilted comfort	1 00	50
best silk bonnet	1 00	50
best trimmed bonnet	1 00	50
best braided infant sacque	1 00	50
best infant shawl	1 00	50
best child's dress	1 00	50
best and neatest dress	2 00	1 00
best silk or lace cap	1 00	50
best specimen ornamental needle work	2 00	1 00
best pin cushion	1 00	50
best worked pocket handkerchief	1 00	50
best pen wiper	1 00	
best braided pillow slip	1 00	

CLASS NO. 18.—*Dairy and Farm Products.*

Judges—Mrs. W. C. Hunter, Miss Sarah J. Davidson, Mrs. Mattison Darragh, Mrs. John Styles and Mr. Milton Townsend.

	1st prm.	2d prm.
Best 5 lbs. roll butter	3 00	2 00
best 5 lbs. print butter	3 00	2 00
best honey in glass	2 00	1 00
best honey in wood	2 00	1 00
best honey extracted	2 00	1 00
best three bottles catsup	1 00	
best five lbs. dried apples	1 00	
best five lbs. dried peaches	1 00	
best sample preserved apples, peaches, pears, plums, quinces, cherries, grapes, raspberries, blackberries, strawberries, gooseberries, each	1 00	
best sample apple butter, peach butter, pear butter, plum butter, quince butter, cherry butter, grape butter, raspberry butter, blackberry butter, gooseberry butter, strawberry butter, tomato butter, elderberry butter, each	1 00	
best sample apple jelly, peach jelly, pear jelly, plum jelly, quince jelly, Siberian crab jelly, raspberry jelly, blackberry jelly, strawberry jelly, lemon jelly gooseberry jelly, cranberry jelly, grape jelly, each	1 00	
best Domestic wine, any kind each	1 00	

CLASS NO. 19—*Miscellaneous.*

Judges—Mrs. M. N. Miller, Miss Maggie Ledlie and Mrs. Thomas J. Power.

Best cane basket or frame		1 00
best husk or shell basket		1 00
best shell frame		75
best artificial fruit		1 00
best wax flowers		1 00
best bread basket		50
best collection of photographs	dip and	2 00
best oil painting	dip and	5 00
best Grecian painting		2 00
best cedar work basket		50
best crystallized boquet		1 00
best crystallized work		1 00
best paper catch all		50
best wire catch-all		50
best rustic basket		75
best what-not		75
best b ok-stand		50
best card-basket		50
best display of fancy goods		2 00
best penmanship		2 00

CLASS NO. 20—*Gents' Discretionary.*

Judges—Wm. H. Marshall, L. H. Oatman, Robert Potter, D. Shields and John Andrews.

CLASS NO. 21—*Ladies' Discretionary.*

Judges—Mrs. B. R. Bradford, Miss Elvira Orr, Mrs. E. P. Townsend, Miss Sadie Nickum, Miss Mary Given and Miss Lou. Wilson.

Classes No. 20 and 21 will embrace all articles not enumerated on the Premium List of the Society. A correct list of the same, with instructions, will be furnished by the Secretary to each committee on Thursday, at 19 o'clock, A. M.

New Advertisements.

Premiums for Speed.

FIRST DAY—WEDNESDAY.

Purse No. 1. TROTTING. Premiums $50
For county horses that have never trotted for a premium.

1st horse	$30 00
2d horse	15 00
3d horse	10 00
4th horse	5 00

A horse winning this purse is not eligible in Purse No. 3.

Purse No. 2. PACING. Premiums, $75 00
For county horses that have never beaten three minutes.

1st horse	35 00
2d horse	20 00
3d horse	12 00
4th horse	8 00

SECOND DAY—THURSDAY.

Purse No. 3. TROTTING. Premiums, $125 00
For horses owned in the county previous to September 1st, 1873, have never trotted better than 3 minutes and ¼ seconds.

1st horse	$60 00
2d horse	35 00
3d horse	20 00
4th	10 00

Purse No. 4. TROTTING. Premiums, $150 00
For Beaver county horses.

1st horse	$70 00
2d horse	40 00
3d horse	25 00
4th horse	15 00

THIRD DAY—FRIDAY—SWEEPSTAKES.

Purse No. 5 TROTTING. Premiums $325.

1st horse	165 00
2d horse	80 00
3d horse	50 00
4th horse	30 00

Purse No. 6. PACING. Premiums $375.

1st horse	145 00
2d horse	65 00
3d horse	40 00
4th horse	25 00

Purse No. 6 is free to all, go as they please to rule, except "Copper Bottom" and "Harry," both to go to harness.

CONDITIONS.

1. All of the above purses to be mile heats, best three in five.

2. A horse distancing the field or a part of the same shall be entitled to first premium only.

3. In all purses for county horses five entries to fill and four to start.

4. All the above races to be governed by the rules and regulations of the National Association.

5. Entrance fee ten per cent. which must accompany the nomination of all horses.

6. Heats in each day's races may be trotted alternately.

7. Entries with fees accompanying to be addressed to B. M. Ewing, Secretary, Beaver, Pa.

CHANGES.

The following changes have been made in the

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

—Judge Pearson, of Harrisburg, has appointed Evan S. Butler, a prominent colored man of that city, a tipstaff to serve in the Court of Quarter Sessions.

—Eight thousand seven hundred and eighty-three passengers were carried over the Ebensburg branch railroad during the three months ending August 31st.

—The second annual exhibition of the Venango County Agricultural Association will be held in Titusville, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, October 14th, 15th and 16th.

—A Roaring Branch, Pa., woman has peeled over two hundred cords of bark this summer, besides twice peeling the bark off her husband's nose because he made love to the milkmaid.

—Tower City, Schuylkill county, has the champion father. He has eighteen children, one of whom was recently born. Seven of his sons are grown, and none measure less than six feet in height. The name of this wonderful man is Alex. Thompson, and his age sixty-seven years.

—On Wednesday of last week Mr. John Miller, of Warsaw township, Clearfield county, while riding on a wagon at home on the farm, fell from the vehicle, one of the wheels passing over his skull, death ensuring from his injuries next morning. Mr Miller was an aged man, and for some time was suffering from an aberration of the mind.

—In Johnstown, on Saturday last, the stockholders in the Johnstown and Somerset Railroad voted upon the following proposition: "That the Board of Directors shall secure the right of way from Johnstown to Sprucetown, and shall proceed to construct the road from Johnstown as far as means can be obtained to build it, and that such assessments shall be laid in accordance with the charter as may be needed for the purpose." The result of the election was: for the proposition, 1,789 votes; against 336.

—On Wednesday evening of last week the Pottsville Miners' *Journal* celebrated the fouth anniversary of its establishment as a daily paper by a supper to its employees and others connected with the paper as correspondents. Mr. Bannan, the original proprietor of the *Journal*, who recently retired after nearly a half century of labor as a journalist, presided. Many speeches were deilvered, and the occasion was one of great enjoyment. A handsome gold-headed cane was presented to Col. Ramsey, the present proprietor, as a token of the esteem and affection of his employees The recipient made an impressive speech in thanking the donors.

—The Danville *Intelligencer* tells us that the foundry of Pennsylvanian Iron Works, at Danville, was the scene of a terrible accident one afternoon last week. A number of men were pouring about a ton of molten metal into moulds, when the confined air expanded by the heat caused an explosion, throwing the red hot metal in every direction, and burning every man in the foundry more or less. The liquid metal fell on the persons of the workmen, burned through their clothing and ran in streams down their flesh. The men ran about almost frantic with pain, and tore their clothing from their bodies til in a few moments they stood entirely naked, and a fearful sight to behold. Other workmen heard their cries of distress, but arrived too late to render much aid.

New Advertisements.

DIPLOMA

Awarded by the American Institute to J. W. McKee for

Embroidering and Fluting Machines.

"It is ingenious and will meet the wants of every matron in the land."

EXHIBITION OF 1872.

John E. Gavit, Rec. Sec. F. A. Barnard, Pres.
Samuel D. Tilman, Corresponding Secy.
New York, November 20, 1872.

This simple and ingenious Machine is as useful as the Sewing Machine, and is fast becoming popular with ladies in the place of expensive needlework, its work being much more handsome, requiring less time and not one-tenth part the expense. No lady's toilet is now complete without it. A Machine with illustrated circular and full instructions sent on receipt of $2, or finished in silver plate for $2 75. Address

THE McKEE MANUFACTURING CO
339 Broadway, New York.

AGENTS WANTED.

DR. GARVIN'S ELIXIR OF TAR,

Is recommended by regular Medical practioners and a speedy cure guaranteed for Colds, Coughs, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis Spitting of Blood, Consumptio and all Pulmonary Complaints, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Dyspepsia and Gout. Dyspepsia and gout. Dysentery, Cholera morbus, Cholera and all liver and bowel complaints, Kidney diseases and all affections of the urinal Organs—perfectly harmless—free from Mineral or Alcoholic properties—pleasant to take. Full particulars with medical testimony and certificates sent on application. Address L. F Hyde & Co., 195 Seventh Avenue, N. Y.

Darts from the Devil or Cupid Abused.

A book just issued exposing the "Personals" that have appeared in the New York Newspapers: their history and lesson Stylish villians fully exposed. Advertisements from desperate men to beautiful women clandestine meetings; how frustrated The history of the Goodrich tragedy the result of a personal. Description of living Broadway statues. Exposes social corruption. Sent on receipt of 50 cents. Address Unique Printing House, 55 Vesey street, New York.

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